Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real nam of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

EDITOR KURTZ thinks it more commendable to cultivate potatoes than to make laws to govern their sale.

THE reform Governor's reception was a decidedly stylish affair. Mrs. Pattison and Mrs. Everett were resplendent in silk and velvet.

THE *Watchman* totally ignored the fact that Governor Pattison gave an elegant reception at the Executive mansion on Wednesday evening, May 9.

THE administration of President Hayes was the finest and most statesmanlike we have had since Lincoln's death; although Garfield's would doubtless have been the most brilliant of any age had it been permitted to continue.

THE Philadelphia *Press*, in answering the question, "For what purpose do political parties exist?" says that the Democratic party exists because it is afraid to die, while the Republican party exists because the country cannot get along without it.

A POORLY clad printer, who apparently had no money, died at New York on Wednesday. After his death twelve bank books were found on his person showing deposits in various saving banks to the amount of $40,000. There was also found upon his person $60 in cash.

LESS than a century ago Hawaii was a land of cannibals and savages. Now all the modern agricultural and mechanical implements are used there. The city of Honolulu has 300 telephones, and several of the large sugar planters on its outskirts cut their cane by electric light.

GENERAL SPRAGUE is dead. He was worth $10,000 and was decidedly fast. He was a Kentucky race horse and upon hearing what a fool the Rhode Island statesman, whom he was named after, had been making of himself he lay right down and died. Horse heaven is preferable to earth and such a name.

SINCE the close of the civil war the Northern Methodist church has expended about five million dollars for educational purposes in the South, chiefly among the colored population. Twenty-five flourishing colored colleges have been established, which have an aggregate of 3500 colored students. The same denomination has also built some churches.

THOSE Republicans of our Legislature, who, on their recent visit to Virginia, had the pleasure of political conversations with the representative men in the Mahone movement, give glowing accounts of the future political prospect, and base it upon the resolve of at least six States of the South, which are not only willing to accept protection as the issue, but which beg Pennsylvania, as the father of the doctrine to make it the distinctive issue this year, so that the South may know in advance just where and how to aid.

IT has latterly been decided that the sale of good will does not prohibit the seller from beginning business next door to the place whose good will he sold. There must be an express contract between buyer and seller in reference to this matter. The law does not imply such a contract, because it would be a restriction in trade. Even the sale of a sign with the firm name on it gives the purchaser no exclusive right to use the name in the absence of any special agreement to that effect. There is a good deal of mistaken opinion afloat relative to these points which this decision will go far to correct.

National Bank Extension.

According to the report of the Controller of the Currency, extracts from which have already appeared in the NEWS, five new national banks were organized, with a capital of $775,000, in the Eastern States during the half year ending May 1; twenty-three in the Middle States, with a capital of $1,893,000; in the south and southwestern States twenty-six with a capital of $2,100,000; seventy in the western States, with a capital of $9,680,000, and eight in the Pacific States with a capital of $510,000. These new banks represent an aggregate capital of about fifteen millions, and the order of their distribution seems to have been determined by the laws of trade. The increase in the south and west is seen to be large. Better and more widely located agencies for the distribution of the currency were needed there, and the fact that capital has responded to the demand is one of the most encouraging signs of the times.

The number of new national banks as stated above, increases the total of such institutions one hundred and nineteen, and the capital embarked in national banking about twelve millions—twenty-three banks having gone into liquidation in order to relinquish the business during the same half year. In commenting on the above statistics, the Philadelphia *North American* remarks that the net increase in banks and in capital must be gratifying to the friends of safe banking, and it certainly must prove advantageous to the people at large. Whenever a national bank is established far beyond the trade centres, it brings money accommodations near to scattered populations, and so, in effect, removes the trade centres further inland. There must, of course, be some inducement for men to embark their surplus money in banking, and hence we may assume that production and exchange is increasing in the direction where the greatest increase of such enterprise is shown to be. Nine of these new banks were established in Texas, with an aggregate capital of $850,000—the largest increase in any southern State. The fact that Texas is advancing with greater rapidity than any other of the southern and southwestern States seems to be an encouraging coincidence.

We may assume that capital will not go where it is not wanted, and there can be no more complete vindication of the national system against all aspirations than the fact that it invariably advances, even paced, with the material developments of the country. Even in Dakota, which is in a state of pupilage, eight national banks, with an aggregate capital of $400,000, were established during the last half year. It will not be disputed that the progress of Dakota is considerably in excess of that to be found in any other Territory, and in consequence we find it establishing facilities for the distribution of the currency beyond any other.

Another encouraging feature of this increase of banking facilities is the fact that such banks are not, and cannot become, merely speculative ventures. Their power to add to the circulating medium is absolutely restricted to nine-tenths of their paid-up capital. They cannot add a dollar to the currency volume without the absolute pledge of a coin dollar for its redemption. They are also otherwise limited in the increase of their liabilities. They furnish safe-keeping for the surplus of business men, and enable a community to do a very large volume of business without the risk of handling money. And, as we have said, they extend the financial advantages enjoyed by men doing business in great trade centres to remote and sparsely-settled neighborhoods. The national system has annihilated the business of wildcat banking wherever the former has been extended. It is not, of course, possible to completely defend depositors and shareholders from the consequences of recklessness and dishonesty, but the entire loss by these during the existence of the national system has been trifling compared with the losses suffered in 1857 and later under the wildcat or irresponsible system of banking.

Nonsense about Industries that are not Protected.

Some wiseacre has started a new anti-protection cry which the free-traders are echoing all over the country as the long-sought unanswerable argument against protection. There is a certain number of people engaged in industries protected by tariff, but the number of these is much less than that of inhabitants of the United States not engaged in those industries. Consequently the laws that protect those industries oppress the majority for the benefit of the minority, are undemocratic and should be repealed on the principle of the "greatest good for the greatest number." This is the strongest statement of this argument we have yet seen; and yet, examine it, and see how pitiably weak it is. It assumes that the majority could afford to see the minority deprived of employment, or at least greatly damaged in condition and prospects. Whatever seriously injures an individual in a community injures the whole community, and each person in it must take part in bearing the burden the injured one lays down. A small percentage of persons in a town or city unable to support themselves make a burden for the whole town or city. In industries for each person hired there are many supported, and to consider the cases of workmen alone, without regard to their families or other dependents, would be economic philosophy of the most shallow and defective sort. Supposing the minority engaged in "protecting industries" were deprived of their present means of livelihood through free trade success, would not the majority suffer with them during the distress preceeding a readjustment of pursuits, even should a satisfactory ultimate readjustment be possible? The mere loss of money is trifling in comparison with the loss of a pursuit or career, and when that pursuit is a skilled industry, the only art known to the artisan, it is ordinarily impossible to retrieve the loss of it in a lifetime. Herein is the atrocious cruelty of this majority and minority cold-blooded reasoning of the free traders which, if effectuated, would deprive of support millions of operatives, and the millions dependent upon them, without reasonable hope of re-establishing themselves in equally good conditions of life ever afterwards. A workman's trade is his vested right, acquired through years or educating toil. To deprive him of fair opportunity in that trade, so that some foreigner may enjoy it in his stead, ought to be something impossible under our government. It is not the right of the majority to deprive the minority of honest livelihood. The majority may have the power to do so, but that does not make the right, even if the majority would gain thereby. But the majority would not gain. On the other hand, the whole would lose, so that all would suffer. The so-called unprotected industries would be depressed and their wages debased by the influx of labor seeking work, the markets would be injured by the dimunition of profitable custom, and the producers of food would be heavy losers, while mining would cease and our production of clothing staple would decline with the increase of foreign free materials in so far as our surviving competing industries might require any materials at all. In view of these considerations, how absurd the plea that protection should be withdrawn because only the minority of Americans are engaged in the "protected industries." It is like arguing that the strength of an army would be increased by the slaughter of somewhat less than half of its soldiers.

GENERAL GRANT favors a political and social alliance with Mexico, as being "to the benefit of both republics." Such an alliance would be to the benefit of ex-President Grant's railroad concession in Mexico.

The Republican Chart.

The pathway of Republican union and success in Pennsylvania is so plain that no intelligent and sincere Republican can mistake it. It is only necessary to follow this chart:—

I. *Obey the new party rules and make a popular Convention.* These rules require that delegates shall be elected in the same way as Representatives and Senators are nominated. They prohibit the old system of packing delegates by County Committees, and secure, if respected, a free, unshackled people's Conventions

II. *Choose good, strong, representative men and delegates.* It is vital that they shall be the free choice of the Republican masses; it is also important that they shall be men of character and judgment whose very selection will be a guarantee of independent and discreet action for the common welfare.

III. *Make no slates, but leave the ticket to the Convention.* This business of slating everything in advance has become odious. It signifies boss rule and it weighs down even the best of candidates. Let there be a free Convention of high character, let it slate its own ticket by its ballots after it comes together, let it nominate candidates who meet the public requirements, and the work will be more than half done.

IV. *Make the organization one that will inspire general confidence.* The organization is scarcely less important than the ticket—in some respects more so. It will hold the future action of the party largely in its hands; it will reach into the Presidential year and influence its destinies; and it should represent the real will of the party as much as the ticket.

V. *Accept the principles of the Continental and Harrisburg platforms in good faith.* The ticket and organization are the flesh and bones of the campaign—this is the very life-blood. Public places to be treated as public trusts; no compulsory assessments; no use of patronage for personal political ends; such are the cardinal principles declared last year to be the party creed.

Let this chart be the guide, and union and success will be secured. It contains no new requirement—nothing but what the party solemnly pledged itself to last year. Observe the pledges, and all will be well.—*Phil'a Press.*

Is the "Watchman" Getting Luny?

Our neighbor, the *Watchman*, is still gabbing about ex-President Hayes, the man who was elected to the Presidency several years ago, and seated, in spite of the rascally tricks of a fellow named Samuel Tilden. The readers of that sheet have been obliged to put up with this sort of thing for seven years, and unless something is done to stay the attack of lunacy with which the editor of the *Watchman* has long been threatened, they will probably have to stand it seven years more. The last outburst of the *Watchman* is occasioned by a complimentary allusion to a recent generous act of Mr. Hayes in subscribing liberally towards the erection of a new church at his home in Ohio. The brilliant scribe of that paper thinks that as Mr. Hayes "stole Tilden's salary" for four years he ought to build the whole church, pay the minister, provide a janitor, set out a row of shade trees and keep them trimmed as long as he lives. Being desirous to do the square thing, of course the ex-President will follow these suggestions; and while he is about it perhaps he will have the thoughtfulness to send a check for a couple hundred dollars (of Tilden's salary, of course) to be devoted towards fitting up a cell at Danville for the *Watchman* staff. The editor of the *Watchman* was a great admirer of Mr. Tilden, before he lost his backbone. The sage of Gramercy probably knows this, and it will no doubt please him to know that a portion of his salary, which he kindly allows Mr. Hayes the use of, is to be expended in an effort to restore one of his former champions to his senses. This sum may not be sufficient to secure that end, but the long-imposed-upon subscribers to that journal will no doubt rally to the front and cheerfully make up the balance.

A Disappointed Champion.

The Philadelphia *Times* was one of the journals that labored most faithfully to elect the present Democratic Governor and did its "level best" to bring about the Democratic majority in the lower branch of the Legislature. But it is thoroughly disgusted with the result and in a long editorial entitled "Is Reform to be Betrayed?" in the issue of the 8th inst., gives forth this concluding lament:

Less than three weeks of working legislative days remain for which legislators can be paid, and three weeks will, therefore, see the hurried closing scenes of the session. It is confidently expected that the repeal of the Boss railway act of 1868 will thus be defeated by the systematic and deceitful efforts of those who have professed to favor the repeal, and faithless legislators who have attempted to deceive their constituents by hiding their Boss-branded heads in Reform sand, are congratulating themselves that they have served their corrupt masters and retained the trust of the people they have cheated and betrayed. They forget that the time for such legislative tricks has passed away, and there will be a fearful reckoning for the professed but faithless Reformer of this legislature.

If there shall be a failure this session to repeal the Boss railway act of 1868, it must be because of the deliberate, systematic betrayal of Reform by those who have championed Reform before the people; and those who return to their homes with their names stained by complicity in such a crowning wrong to Philadelphia may bid a final farewell to legislative honors when they close their present terms.

SOMETHING strange comes from the west, and it did not happen at Chicago, either. The president of the Louisville and Chicago railway has forbidden the running of Sunday excursion trains, and of all other trains not absolutely necessary. He says: "This order applies to camp meeting trains. If Christians cannot find other places for worship, this company will not violate divine and civil law and deny its employes the essential rest of the Sabbath to carry them to camp meeting grounds." The projectors of camp meetings along the line of that road are reported in a condition of panic. Chicago is amazed at the action of the man whilst the Hoosiers can scarcely credit it that civilization is moving through their state.

HARVARD COLLEGE is so much in the habit of conferring an L. L. D. on the governors of Massachusetts, that the weighty question now comes up whether it will do so with Governor Butler, who probably will be apt to resent it if he be is made an exception. But the Boston *Advertiser* intimates that the Harvard authorities will meet the difficulty by a lofty disdain of any attempt to review the action of the people in electing Butler, and continue to bestowt he honor on the office rather than the man, uninfluenced by personal or political prejudices.

THE Reading *Times* thinks that the committee of army and navy officers to select a site for the manufacture of heavy ordnance by the government cannot do better than to choose Reading. And in support of its claim it proudly points to the fact that the largest cannon manufactured in this country during the late rebellion were made there, and the heaviest chain forged in the world—that used by the Russian government to relieve the harbor of Sebastopol of sunken ships—was the product of Reading workshops.

SENATOR FAIR thinks his wife is not acting very *fairly*.

GENERAL NOTES.

Montreal is experimenting on the use of electricity on its horse cars.

Boston has sixty-nine women taxed over $100,000, five over $500,000, and two over $1,000,000.

Over 18,000 head of buffalo have been killed east of the Yellowstone river, in Montana Territory, this season.

One hundred and twelve bodies have been cremated at Gotha, which contains the chief creamatory in Europe.

The good people of Maine are much chagrined at the wholesale slaughter of deer in that State by vagabond hunters.

Rockford, Ill., has a new social craze in soap-bubble parties, at which a prize in given the lady blowing the biggest soap-bubble.

Ohio has one county which made in 1882 668,000 pounds of maple sugar, which may make up for the Vermont failure this year.

Eight out of the twenty-seven governors that Massachusetts has had during this century have been graduates of Harvard College.

Nitro-glycerine was first used as a medicine by Dr. Hering, of Philadelphia. Twenty-five years latter it came into use as an explosive.

The California foot-prints, the Duke of Argyle thinks, are a corroboration of the Scriptural remark, "there were giants in those days."

The average period of sunshine for the last three months, in London, has been about half an hour a day, not more, a correspondent writes.

About fifty years ago a malarial wave swept over New England. A paper was read at Yale at that time predicting a return of the epidemic about 1884.

A medical student says there are few members of the class he is in who can work on a subject who in life chewed tobacco. They get deathly sick unless they constantly smoke strong cigars.

There is a handsome young lady in Indiana whose feet do not match. On one she can wear a No. 2 gaiter, but the other requires a No. 5. There is some difference in the size of her hands and ears.

More than half a century ago, Widow Ross, of Lyman, Maine, advertised in the *Kennebeck Gazette* for information for her son, whose name, singularly enough, was Charley Ross, and who had mysteriously disappeared.

The sum of 250,000 francs voted to defray the expenses of M. Waddington, the representative of France at the Czar's coronation, he declares to be altogether insufficient; he says he must have at least 600,000.

In the course of an interview with M. Pioda, the Swiss Minister to Italy, Signor Mancinia, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, declared that Italy was not disposed to co-operate in the construction of the proposed Simplon tunnel.

One of the good things told of Major McDaniel, the next governor of Georgia, is that he made good to some wards of his as soon as possible the part of their fortune which he had invested in Confederate bonds during the war.

A man by the name of Battel has bought between 1200 and 1500 acres of wild land in Vermont, intending to use it as a deer park. He will enclose it with barbed wire fences, and stock it with fifty deer, costing seven dollars a head.

It took four policemen to carry into the House of Commons the 350-pound petition for the closing of public houses on Sunday, and it was afterward said that four thousand policemen could not carry out the law if it were passed.

There were thousands of Irish in this country prior to the Revolutionary way, but not five per cent. were Roman Catholics. Nearly all were intensely Protestant. In rural New England a Roman Catholic was a rarity half a century ago.

An old clam-digger has just died in New Bedford, Mass., leaving several thousand dollars in bank, and a large amount of money hidden away in tomato cans and under the flooring of his miserable hovel, $200 of which was so badly mutilated as to be worthless.

A novelty has been introduced at the afternoon teas in London by a lady who receives a great deal. It is a silver cake-lifter, very much like a pair of sugar-tongs, only shorter, and with broad, flat ends. It is used for carrying cake to the mouth, and prevents soiling the gloves.

The best story told recently about a new mine is that one of the owners, with a hammer and chisel, cut out a solid lump containing $2700 in gold. One of the men was sent off with a message when the ledge was struck, and while he was absent his employer took out $10,000.

The oyster-growers on the coast of France have discovered that oyster shells which are thrown back into the sea produce thirty or forty fold in two years. The theory is that the young oysters attach themselves to the old shells in preference to any other object on the bed of the sea.

The buzzard which was caught a few years ago by John Taylor, of Calloway, Me., who put a small bell on its neck and turned it loose, was recognized by him one day last week. It had been seen in nearly all the Southern States spending last winter with its numerous friends in New Orleans. It appears to travel around a great deal on its own hook.

While excavating on the site of the old Lucas residence in St. Louis a bronze medal, struck in commemoration of the resumption of work on the Cologne Cathedral, Prussia, in 1842, was found. This cathedral was commenced in 1322 and is not yet completed. As far as it has gone it is one of the finest specimens of Gothic architecture in the world.

At a meeting of scientists in New York on Monday night, the 7th, it was decided that a dozen skeletons found on Rockaway beach last summer, one of which measured 6 feet 11 inches, belonged to a prehistoric race of cannibals which lived during the time of the shell heaps along the Atlantic coast, which are now several feet below the surface of the earth.

Poetry.

SOMETIME.

Sometime when all life's lessons have been learned
And suns and stars forevermore have set,
The things which our weak judgment here have spurned,
The things o'er which we grieve with lashes wet
Will flash before us, and like life's dark night,
As stars shine most in deeper tints of blue,
And we shall see how all God's ways were right,
And what most seemed reproof was love most true.

And we shall see how, while we frown and sigh
God's plans go on as best for you and me,
How when we called, He heeded not our cry,
Because His wisdom to the end could see—
And e'en as prudent parents did allow
Too much of sweet to craving baby-hood,
So God, perhaps, is keeping from us now
Life's sweetest things because it seemeth good.

And if sometimes commingled with life's wine
We find the wormwood and rebel and shrink,
Be sure a wiser hand than yours or mine
Pours out this portion for our lips to drink.
And if some friend we love is lying low,
Where human kisses can not reach their face—
Oh! do not blame the loving Father so,
But wear your sorrow with obedient grace.

And you shall shortly know that lengthened breath
Is not the sweetest gift that God sends his friend,
And that sometimes the sable pall of death
Conceals the fairest boon his love can send.
If we could push ajar the gates of life
And stand within and all God's working see,
We could interpret all this doubt and strife
And for each mystery could find a key.

But not to-day. Then be content, poor heart,
God's plans, like lilies, pure and white unfold;
We must not tear the close-shut leaves apart,
Time will reveal the calyxes of gold,
And if through patient toil we reach the land
Where tired feet with sandals loosed may rest
Where we shall clearly know and understand
I think that we shall say, "God knows the best."

WE HAVE been requested to publish the following poem which appeared in the *Centre Democrat* a few weeks ago:

FAREWELL, MOTHER.

Farewell, mother, a last farewell,
The time to part draws near,
I shall not see thy loving face
For many a weary year.

I fain would spare thee this sad news,
I know it will give thee pain,
To know the boy you loved so well,
Must in a convict's cell remain.

I am thinking of the day, mother,
When at thy tender side,
You watched the dawning of my youth,
And kissed me in your pride.

The future looked so fair and bright,
It filled our hearts with joy,
And your bright fancy honors wove
To deck thy darling boy.

Fond memory recalls those days again,
When but an idle youth,
As I listen to thy gentle voice,
As you taught me words of truth.

Those were bright and happy days,
The innocence was mine;
I had no fears of the future,
Blessed with a love like thine.

Those days are gone, they seem to me
But bright dreams of the past,
Dreams that o'er my clouded life
Some gleams of sunshine cast.

No friendly face is near me now,
No words of friendship dear
Are spoken now in kindly tones
My sinking soul to cheer.

Whene'e I think of thee, mother,
Tears from my eyes will start,
I cannot forget, for thine image
Is graven too deep in my heart.

As I sit within my lonely cell,
With hopes that are cheerless and few,
Forsaken by friends I deemed so true,
I have none left but you.

WM. J. SWAINE,
Bellefonte Jail.

Our Story Teller.

Regina's Answer.

A rippling brook, emerging from a secluded woodland nook—a huge giant-armed elm tree whose green branches held its shining crystal wavelets in shadows for a space—birds singing, wild flowers raising their timid heads from banks of verdant moss.

Add to these picturesque features of the scene a young girl seated with sketch-book in hand, her graceful head leaning against the dun-colored trunk of the majestic tree, and her large eyes fixed dreamily upon the distance, and you have the picture which caught the admiring gaze of a tourist in search of rural amusement during his vacation from college.

His fishing accoutrements of rod and line and attendant necessities for the capture of the finny tribe, proclaimed the ostensible object of his ambition; but there all indications of his position in the world stopped at once. His clothes being suited to the occasion, were of strong material, serviceable and plain, fitted to resist briers in making his way through the woods, or to bear an unexpected wetting without being spoiled.

Yet, as Regina Reynolds came out of her fit of abstraction to find herself the target of his admiring eyes, she thought to herself:

"What a noble looking gentleman I wonder who he can be?"

But no trace of this admiration or of interest was visible in her beautiful highbred face as she took up her neglected sketch book and commenced to work vigorously at her half-finished drawing.

An amused smile curved Pierre D'Allemonte's lips.

"Who would have thought to find such a stately young beauty in this retired spot?" he thought. "I wonder if she would deign to enter into conversation? I'll see if I can break through that icy shell at any rate."

Suiting the action to the thought he made a movement toward her.

"May I inquire if this is a trout stream?" he said, removing his cap with deferential air.

Regina raised her eyes and looked at him with a half smile at his ignorance.

"I believe minnows and sunfish are its principal inhabitants," she said demurely; "although a few catfish might repay you, if you choose to throw a line for them."

"Thanks! I believe I will try."

Lurking fun had its home in his eyes as he made this reply; but it was lost on his informant, as she had returned to her sketching.

Pierre coolly seated himself at a little distance and made his preparations to offer a tempting bait to any chance fish that came along. He took care to seat himself so as to be able to cast an occasional glance at Regina; but he was too much of a gentleman to annoy her by letting her see that he was watching her.

Silence reigned for a time. Then a thrush began to whistle his clear song—a honeybee buzzed by with his luscious store for winter use, a dragon fly poised on its brilliant, gaudy wings for a moment, then darted away again on its uncertain flight.

A different kind of whistle sounded adown the road, coming from a manly throat this time.

Presently another actor appeared upon the sylvan scene. It was Regina's cousin, Harry.

"How doth the busy bee improve each shining hour," be quoted as his eyes rested upon the unfinished sketch.

"No sarcasm, if you please, cousin," answered Regina. "One's eye can be industrious even if one's hands are not."

Just then Harry caught sight of the angler. To Regina's amazement he gave an exclamation of—

"Pierre D'Allemonte, by all that's wonderful!" and then started off in his direction to shake hands with the stranger, and to say heartily:

"Well, old fellow, if this isn't a surprise. Do you know that you are within a half hour's walk of my father's place? I thought I would take a stroll down here and hunt up my recreant cousin. She is oblivious to the pangs of hunger, I really believe. She always is missing at meal time. By-the-by, come and be introduced, and then we will go and have lunch together."

While the friends had thus been greeting each other a variety of changes had passed over Regina's face.

Surprise, disdain, and as they approached her together, an expression of decision, which caused for a moment a compression of her lips which hid all their pouting sweetness.

But by the time they reached her she had succeeded in putting her mobile features under such self control that Harry Orne's sharp eyes failed to discover in her any difference from her ordinary demeanor.

Pierre accompanied the cousins to lunch, and after much urging from Harry, consented to bring his "traps" from the little village inn and make his headqusrters at the Ornes' until his return to the city.

Then commenced a series of torture such as only a pretty, mischievous girl can inflict upon a man who has fallen a victim to her fascination. It was impossible to know whether Regina liked him or hated him. One moment full of fun and frolic, and the next cold and haughty.

It may be this very changeableness had its charms for Pierre. He had seen much of the world and had always been made a pet by its womanhood. Indeed, he had almost come to the conclusion that all a man had to do to secure a fiancee from among the beautiful ranks was to ask the bestowal of a fair hand, and it would be placed in his at once.

But this was a new experience to him, and before he was aware of it he had lost his heart irrevocably.

He offered himself and was rejected with such scorn that be in turn became haughtily imperative to know why his offer should be received with contempt.

"When a man lays his heart at a woman's feet, Miss Reynolds," he said, "is it usually considered an insult? Pray, tell wh t there is to excite your contempt about me? Am I out of proportion in body or disordered in mind that the thought of an alliance should bring forth such an answer?"

Regina had grown very pale as she listened to him.

She drew a letter from her pocket and handed it to him.

"Perhaps your mental vision will clear. Mr. D'Allemonte, after you read that. It is from my cousin, Mariam Trevor."

Pierre looked bewildered, but he took the missive from her and opened it, Regina's eyes meanwhile gazing at him with a look that if he had read it, betokened anything but a mind and heart at ease. There was pain in the curves of the firm lips, and a tension of the nerves betrayed in the rigid carriage of her proud little head.

It is dangerous to play with fire, and Regina was destined to suffer as well as Pierre. She had undertaken to punish him for his supposed lack of faith to another, and now her own heart was throbbing with regretful pain.

It was a noble young face upon which her eyes rested, but it must belong to a most consummate deceiver, for it expressed only surprise as he read the missive which had been intended to coyer him with confusion.

Pierre read it through. Then he turned to Regina with a look in his eyes which was at once reproachful, and yet full of triumphant joy.

Her own eyes sunk beneath the dominant brightness of his glance.

"I see it all," he exclaimed. "You have good reason for despising me—that is, you think you have. But I am not the Pierre D'Allemonte mentioned here," with a glance at the open letter in his hand, "and I have never made love to anyone but you. Ah, little one, I see my words give you joy? Your face is a sparkling one and it tells me to hope! Ah, Regina, be my wife, my queen, and I will be as true to you as the sun is to the day who lives upon his light?"

How it came about is a mystery which only lovers can solve; but the daring young pleader waited for no other answer than the eloquent one given by Regina's blushes.

He drew her to his heart and she felt that she had a right to rest there and hide her face upon his breast as contentedly as though she had not tried her best to hate him ever since their first meeting, when upon hearing his name she had confounded him with the other Pierre who had won her young cousin's heart but to amuse himself, and had then flitted away to flirt with some other trusting maiden.

"Ah, Pierre," whispered Regina a little later, "I tried my best to dislike you as heartily as I felt I ought, but I took a fancy to you from the very first moment."

"And I was determined to win you for my own the first time I set my eyes upon your face. But what a piece of fire and ice I found you."

"Are'nt you afraid I shall continue to torment you?" asked Regina, archly.

"No, for it was only because you thought me worthy of punishment. Now you owe me a debt for so treating me, and I shall exact full payment of my dues in—kisses."

"What! Pierre D'Allemonte and Regina Reynolds in amicable conversation! Will wonders ever cease?" said a merry voice beside them.

Harry had entered unperceived and had made a shrewd guess as to what had happened, although much surprised; as he had noticed Regina's apparent aversion to Pierre.

"Give me joy, Harry," said D'Allemonte, turning to his friend, and taking Regina's hand in his. "I have won the dearest little girl in all christendom. Will you be best man at our wedding.

"With all my heart," answered Harry, "but I hope Regina will treat you better as a husband than she has as a visitor. She is a terrible little vixen!"

"Then I confess to a weakness for that species of womankind," was Pierre's laughing reply.

"In that case I hesitate not to give you my blessing, my children, May you be as prosperous as you deserve to be, and, like the hero and heroine of the fairy tale, live in peace forever after the joyful occasion that makes you one!" and in the laugh that followed Harry's mock-serious harangue we will take leave of the happy young lovers.

Andersonville To-day.

Andersonville is the name of a station on the Southwestern Railroad, about sixty miles from Macon. It is nothing but a railroad station, and the only thing that characterizes the spot is the immense Union cemetery of some twenty acres, over which floats the star spangled banner. The cemetery is constructed on the spot where the prisoners were buried, and the trenches were dug with such precision and regularity that the soldiers were not disturbed, but allowed to remain as their comrades interred them, working under the watchful eye and fixed bayonets of the Georgia Home Guard.

The cemetery is surrounded by a strout wall, with an iron gate, and is under the supervision of a superintendent, who lives on the grounds. It is a plain spot. There is not much attempt made to ornament this city of our martyred dead. It would take a great deal of even such influence as plants and flowers possess to dispel the melancholy memories that haunt this hill in the pine woods of Southern Georgia. There are actually buried on this elevation 13,715 men. The soldier whose identity was preserved by his comrades is marked in his resting place by a white marble stone rising ten inches above the ground. A square marble block with the word "Unknown" on it is repeated about 1000 times in the cemetery.

Part of the stockade is still standing. There are two rows of trees—one inside the other. The outer row has fallen down, save a few posts here and there, but a large part of the inner wall still stands. Trees have grown up around the old pen, and a thick growth of underbrush now covers the site of the prison. No traces of the famous brook that ran through the stockade remain, nor of the wonderful well dug by the prisoners. It is all now a mild and peaceful section of the country. Many of the soldiers in the cemetery have handsome headstones lifted to their memory by friends in the North, and efforts are frequently made to have certain graves "kept green" with flowers and shower pot.

It is said that the Smithsonian Institution is prepared to prove that a lot of bones dug up at Louisville once belonged to the mastodon family. This announcement is calculated to send a thrill of pleasure throughout the entire civilized globe. For some time it had been feared that the scientists of the Smithsonian Institution would fail in their endeavors to prove the authenticity of these bones. An opinion widely prevailed that the bones were the remains of a jackass of the pliocene period, or the jaws of a Nihilist dynamite shrieker of the brass age.

A florist's son wants his father to cultivate fish geraniums that will bite.

Likening Men to Rivers.

From N. Y. Sun of the 7th.

"I charge Protestantism with not putting enough stress upon good works, as connected with salvation," said Dr. Talmage yesterday morning. "Good works will not save a man; but if he has not good works he has no real faith, and no practical religion. There are men whose religion is for the most part made up of talk; vigorous talk, fluent talk, perpetual talk. They will entertain you for an hour telling you how good they are. As nearly as I can tell they resemble an ocean craft which is mostly sail with very little tonnage. They have topsails, and studding sails, and staysails, and maintopsails, and flying jib, and mizzen spanker, but they make no useful voyage. The world has got tired of this, and wants a religion that will work into all the circumstances of life. We do not want a new religion, but the old religion applied in all possible directions.

"Yonder is a river with steep and rocky banks. It waters no farm; it welcomes no cattle to drink; it has no factories. No one cares where that river was born among the rocks, or where it is lost in the sea. But yonder is another river whose banks have warm tides; it rocks with a lullaby the water lillies sleeping on its bosom; it invites the cattle and the birds to come and drink; it has grist mills on one side and cotton factories on the other; it has a wealth of 200 miles of luxuriant farms. Birds chant where it was born in the mountains, and ships press in to hail it as it comes down to the Atlantic. One river is the man who lives for himself; the other is the man who lives for others. It is said that the site of Jerusalem originally belonged to two brothers whose farms joined Each of them formed the idea of surreptitiously giving a part of his crop to the other. The two brothers surprised each other one night in the act of making the generous transfer. That is a beautiful tradition, and, whether it is true or not, it suggests that whenever a generous act is performed, that is the spot for a temple of commemoration.

"The great want of to-day is practical religion—a religion that will correctly label goods; that will prevent a man telling you a watch was made in Geneva when it was made in Massachusetts; that will keep the ground glass and the sand out of the sugar; that will go into the shoe store and rip off the fictitious soles and show where the pasteboard is sandwiched between the sound leather.

"We want a practical religion that will go into the grocery and pull out the plug of ale-adulterated syrup; that will dump into the ash barrel the cassia buds that are sold for cinnamon; that will sift out the Prussian blue from the tea leaves; that will keep out of our flour the plaster of Paris and soapstone. We want a practical religion that will separate the one quart of Ridgewood water from the one honest drop of cow's milk; that will throw out the live animalculæ from the sugar. There has been so much adulteration of food that it is an amazement to me that there is a healthy man in America. Heaven knows what they put in the spices, in the butter, or the drugs; but chemical analysis and the microscope have made wonderful revelations. The Board of Health of Massachusetts analyzed alleged coffee, and found not one grain in ten bushels. In England there is a law against putting alum in bread, yet the authorities who examined fifty packages of bread found them all adulterated with alum. Physicians are almost afraid to prescribe because drugs are so seldom pure. Wormwood warranted pure was found to contain forty-one per cent. of resin. Scammony, a valuable drug, and very rare, is the gum of a tree or bush in Syria. The natives adulterate it with a cheaper material, the exporters adulterate it again and the porters adulterate it again, and the wholesale dealers again, until finally, when it gets into the sick man's medicine bottle it is a different thing altogether.

"Practical religion will remedy all this. It will go to the hypocritical professors of religion who corner the corn market in Chicago, the men who make a fortune of millions out of the miseries of their fellow men and then try to fix it up with the Lord by founding a church, a university, or a hospital. They think the Lord will be so pleased if they give Him a part of the swindle. Their liturgy ought to be this:

"O Lord, we, by making corners in breadstuffs and swindling for years, have ten millions of dollars saved up. Thou knowest it was a scaly job; but it was smart. Now we would like to compromise with Thee at one per cent. of the profits. You can build an asylum for these poor, miserable weaklings that suffer and we will take a yacht and go to Europe. Forever and ever. Amen."

"Practical religion will make the man work as well by the job as by the day. It will make a driver go just as fast when you hire him by the hour as he does when you hire him for the journey. The trouble is now that everything must be inspected. There is a boss to watch the men, and a capitalist to watch the boss. The conductor must have a bell punch to mark his honesty while the passenger gives him a clipped nickel. Imperfections are covered with putty. Shoddy is everywhere. Pinchbeck abounds. Diamonds are offered for $1.50. Books fall apart when you get to the third chapter. Spavined horses are doctored to look good a few days. Imperfect car wheels detain the train with a hot box.

"Practical religion must prevent the man who works the farm on halves from making his pay three-quarters. It must keep the elder from working on Sunday afternoons in the new lot where nobody sees him. It must teach the lawyers their responsibility in expounding the law and in defending evil persons. It must teach the newspaper men to print the virtues of the world in as large type as they do the sins of the world. It will stop them from misrepresenting people in interviews.

"Practical religion will come down with a heavy hand on what is called good society, elevated society, successful society, so that people will not spend more than their incomes and lie when they have callers whom they do not wish to see. It will keep innocent receptions from becoming intoxicating convivialities. It will drive out the creature with sharp-toed shoes, tightly pinched limbs, disconnected talk, infinitesimal cane, and sickening appearance, seeking to ape the English, the nux vomica of our modern society, the modern dude. There is a great missionary work to be done in the successful classes of society. It is not an uncommon sight to see a fashionable woman intoxicated. Society says she was taken suddenly ill of the german. The fact is she took too much champagne and mixed liquors, and got drunk."

Concerning Spring Rhymes.

"Is the real editor in?"

A fairly good looking young lady stood in the door way and glanced around the apartment in an inquiring fashion.

"We don't keep any suppositious editors on this paper," said the horse reporter.

"Who has charge of the poetry?" continued the young lady.

"The janitor, mostly, although he doesn't clean the windows often enough to keep the stock reduced and give all the poets a fair chance."

"I have written a poem which I should like to see printed in the *Tribune*, because it is my favorite paper, papa has taken it for twenty years."

"Yes, we know all about that," said the horse reporter. "What we want just now is something that will jibe with the season—no 'oh, the merry, merry May time, with its wealth of floral bloom,' but a verse or two that has a contemporaneous human interest, such as

Beat the carpet gently, papa:
Do not slug it quite so hard;
For you never can replace it
Short of eighty cents a yard.

"Do you think that is nice poetry?" asked the young lady.

"Well, there isn't much 'I am wandering by the brookside,' but it's a good, serviceable rhyme. Something like—

Don't forget the garden hose,
Wipe the darling baby's nose,
Put the looking glass and tooth brush safe away.
Here is Lulu's other bustle,
Come now, girls, get up and hustle,
We are moving—it's the merry month of May.

"My poem is about the springtime too," said the young lady, "but it is different from that."

"How does it go?"

The poet produced her manuscript and read her verses.

"You must have written that in a Wiggins year," said the horse reporter. "You've got some daisy kinds of weather strung along through that little epic."

"But I don't see—"

"Of course you don't," said the friend of Rarus. "There are none so blind as those who won't quit writing poetry. But I'll show you. Now in the first stanza of your poem it tells about your sitting by the creek where you and whatever his name is sat 'one little year ago'—although whether there is any difference in the size of years I have never been able to discover. Then it says that the soft rain patted on the leaves and the April grass was wet, doesn't it?"

"Yes, sir," replied the poet.

"I hope you had your gum shoes along, sis, because there is nothing sadder than a lovely woman with a cold in her head."

"Well, really, sir, I thought that was a good poem. Mamma thought so, too. Then you can't print my verses?" said the young lady.

"Oh, yes, they will be printed."

"Thanks. Will it be sure to go in if you say so?"

"Yes."

"Well, I didn't know. You seem rather young to have such a responsible position."

"You remember what Socrates said," replied the horse reporter: 'Young men for war; old men for counsel'—in divorce cases."

"Good-day, sir," said the poet.

"Bon jour," replied the horse reporter. "I don't know what bon jour means, but the literary editor always says it, and when it comes to talking anything but United States he is a large white daisy with a yellow spot in the centre."

A butcher complained to a lawyer that some body's dog was in the habit of stealing meat from his cart, and asked what he should do about it. The lawyer replied: "Prosecute the owner, of course." "But," said the butcher, "it is your dog." "I will pay the bill," said the lawyer, bringing his hand down suddenly on the place where his pocketbook was supposed to be, "if you will tell me how much the meat was worth." The butcher replied, "About $1." "All right," rejoined the lawyer, "hand over $1 to me and we shall be square. The advice I gave you in the beginning was worth $2!"—*Springfield Republican.*

An extraordinary thing in ladies bonnets —A cheap one.

Chinese vs. America.

We shake hands as a salutation; a Chinaman shakes hands with himself. He stands at a distance, and clasping his hands, shakes them up and down at you.

We uncover the head as a mark of respect; they keep their heads covered, but take off their shoes for politeness.

We shave the face; they shave the head and eyebrows.

We cut our finger nails close; they consider it aristocratic to have nails from three to five inches long, and which they are obliged to protect in silver cages.

The Chinaman's waistcoat is outside his coat, and he wears his drawers outside his pants.

We blacken our shoes; he whitens them.

We have soup as a first course at dinner and dessert at last; they have dessert at first, and soup to wind up on.

We want our wines ice cold; the Chinese drink theirs scalding hot.

We bury in the earth; their dead are kept on the surface.

With us black clothing is a badge of mourning; with them white garments indicate the loss of friends.

In that land of opposites it is the man who flies kites, walks on stilts and plays shuttlecock; and to keep up their cussedness they play the latter with their feet instead of their hands.

In China women do men's work, and men are the milliners, dressmakers and washerwoman.

With us the right hand is the place of honor, with them is the left.

In dating letters we place the year last; they write the year first.

They always speak of the mariner's compass (their own invention) as pointing to the south.

We pay our physician when we are sick; they pay while they are well, and as soon as they get sick the pay stops.

Here men kill their enemies, but the Chinaman gets even by—killing himself.

We use a soft pillow; they a block of wood.

They launch their ships sidewise, ring their bells from the outside, and actually turn their screws in the opposite direction from ours.

The "Hog Wallows" of California. An Unsolved Enigma.

Written for the Republican.

Scattered up and down the extensive valley of the San Joaquin and Sacramento rivers are numerous isolated and irregular patches of ground, of areas varying from one acre to two acres or more, which are thickly strewed with rounded hillocks of all sizes, varying from 6 inches high and two feet in diameter to six or eight feet high and 30 or 40 feet in diameter.

Frequently they are so thickly placed that their bases touch each other, or are separated only by narrow spaces.

They usually occur in clayey soils and never in the sandy tracts. Invariably they are composed of the same class of soil as that on which they rest.

Their origin is as great a mystery as that which ensrounds the creation of the Sphynx. All the learned, as well as the unscientific who see them, try their hands at the solution of the riddle. But thus far, all efforts to satisfactorily account for their existence have ingloriously failed.

They have been ascribed to burrowing animals, to the great fishes which used to graze on the plains, when the ocean water covered them; to the upturning of great trees, when the primeval forest clothed the valley; to the action of the winds; to the rolling of the waves; to the movement of glaciers; to the bubbling up of the surface when the earth was in a plastic state; and to many other agencies, both possible and impossible, both reasonable and ridiculous.

Even the Royal Geological Society of Great Britian has been non-plused by these very unpretending hillocks; and it now seems likely that the question, "What made the 'Hog-Wallows?'" will long remain unanswered.

All Sorts.

A race horse, like the law, must always take its course.

Why should a tenant insist on lower rent, when all rent is hire?

Small boys should pass around dictionaries in a theatre whenever an actor is holding an audience spell-bound.

London Queen decides that menu cards are necessary, so that the guests may know of what the dinner is to consist.

It is said that when a cricket alights on the neck of a New York dude he screams louder than the girl who sees a snake at a pic-nic.

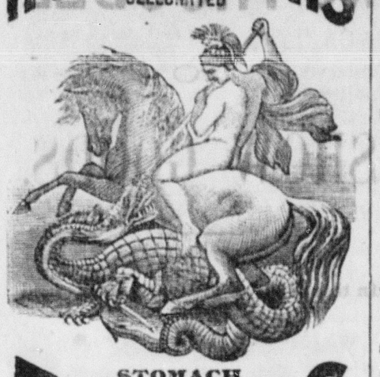
Ladies are like watches—pretty enough to look at; sweet faces and delicate hands, but somewhat difficult to "regulate" after they are set a going.

Somebody put a fresh turnover in among those on the counter of a railway restaurant and the traveler who got hold of it was so astonished that he gasped four times.

A very colored man who entered compaint against another for assaulting and battering him upon the head, was told by the justice: "I don't see any marks." "Does yo' s'pose he hit me wid a piece of chalk?" was the indignant rejoinder. The case proceeded.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED



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There has never been an instance in which this sterling invigorant and anti-febrile medicine has failed to ward off the complaint, when taken duly as a protection against malaria. Hundreds of physicians have abandoned all the officinal specifics, and now prescribe this harmless vegetable tonic for chills and fever, as well as dyspepsia and nervous affections. Hostetter's Bitters is the spicific you need.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed We will start you. Men, wemen boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 1ald6m&wlv

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IMPROVE THE HOUR For the cure of

TRADE MARK.

CONSUMPTION,

Spitting of Bood, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Catarrh of Chest, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Price 25c., 50c. and $1 00. Ask your Druggist for it.

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Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-21f

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J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late P. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 4-1—9-32

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

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Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D.
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NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
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Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-9tf

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Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

Some of the enemies of prohibition in Pennsylvania are complacently rubbing their hands and suggesting that the prohibition craze is now comfortably over. They benevolently suggest that perhaps the enemies of the liquor traffic might amuse themselves by going in for high license or something of that sort, forgetting that those who believe the sale of intoxicants a crime are opposed to licenses of any sort. It is a mistake to suppose that those who are in favor of putting rum under the ban of the law will now fold their hands and give up the fight. They will go into it with renewed vigor within the lines of their respective parties and will make it exceedingly hot for certain political time servers.

A New Malitia Law.

The Senate at Harrisburg have under consideration a bill supplementing the present malitia law by providing for the organization, discipline and regulation of a reserve militia. This bill provides that in addition to the present National Guard there shall be organized a reserve militia force, to consist of not more than 150 companies of infantry, 5 of cavalry, and 5 batteries of artillery, to be subject to the same discipline and rules now governing the National Guard. The militia herein provided for shall be uniformed at their own expense and be officered by members from their own organization, and shall be exempt from duty, excepting in the case of war.

A serious question arises in regard to the propriety of the bill requiring the endorsement of the Auditor General to all warrants drawn on the State Treasurer except those drawn by the President of the Senate and officers of the House, The bill imposes upon the Auditor General responsibility for moneys drawn for educational, military and other purposes, when he has no means or power of ascertaining anything in reference to the expenditures or accounts of those branches.

The Wonderland of the World.

[Cornhill Magazine.]

No wonder the Indians reverence the beautiful Yosemite Falls. Even the white settlers in the valley cannot resist their influence, but speak of them with an admiration that amounts to love. At the base of the great fall the fairies build a real ice palace, sometimes more than one hundred feet high. It is formed by the ever falling, freezing sprays, and the bright sun gleams on this glittering palace of crystal, and the falling water striking upon it shoots off in showers, like myriad opals and diamonds. But when first I beheld them, on a bright May morning, not an icicle remained, and the falls were in their glory. I had never dreamed of anything so lovely. As seen from below, the Yosemite, though divided into three distinct falls, is apparently all on one plane. It is only when you reach some point from which you see it sideways that you realize that the great upper fall lies fully a quarter of a mile further back than the middle and lower falls, and that is rushes down this space in boiling cascades till it reaches a perpendicular rock, over which it leaps about 600 feet, and then gives a third and final plunge of about 500, making up a total of little under 2,700 Now, if you can realize that the height of Niagara is 162 feet, you will perceive that if some potent magician could bring it into this Yosemite valley, it would be effectually concealed by trees of fully its own height, many far over topping it.

A Boston Astrologer.

There is a man in Boston who claims to be a regular astrologer, like the oriental astrologers of old. He claims to predict future events, especially the fortunes of men from the positions of the heavenly bodies. Give him the day, hour and minute of your birth, and he consults the stars and tells you your fortune, your prosperity or your adversity. He appears to be very successful. It is said that the learned men of Boston, and the rich men of New York alike seek his office, and consult his advice, with great satisfaction.

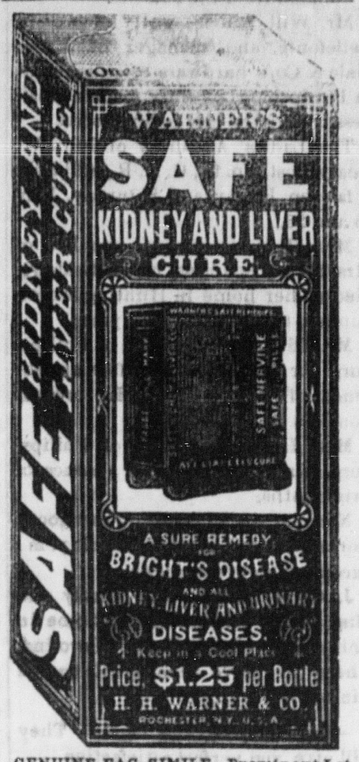
Baby Elephant.

Barnum is overjoyed with his acquisition—the baby elephant—and declares $20,000 could not buy it. He offers $52,000 for an insurance of the life of the infant for 52 weeks. Surely, if he knew the full value of Peruna and Manalin, he would do no such foolish thing, as they are the most successful protective medicines that have ever been introduced to the human family. No one can take any disease while taking Peruna before each meal, and keeping the bowels regular with manalin. Ask your druggist for the book on the "Ills of Life."

"Where are your kids?" a society man asked looking at the bare hands of a poor but deserving editor at Vanderbilt's party. "At home in bed," was the indignant reply, "do you suppose I'd bring my children to a party like this?"

J. P. Zimmerman, Spruce Creek, Pa., says: "I have thoroughly tested Brown's Iron Bitters and consider it equal to any emergency."

Medical.



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New Life

is given by using BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. In the Winter it strengthens and warms the system; in the Spring it enriches the blood and conquers disease; in the Summer it gives tone to the nerves and digestive organs; in the Fall it enables the system to stand the shock of sudden changes.

In no way can disease be so surely prevented as by keeping the system in perfect condition. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ensures perfect health through the changing seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

Gentlemen: I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and *insist* on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as *"just as good."* The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

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Is the place to go for

New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

and to have old ones repaired

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Spring Term Opens April 6, 1883.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
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3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, 14-28-tf *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Christian Bowman.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the above estate, all persons indebted to same estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN NESTLEROAD, Administrator,
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WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Dr. Sherman.

Rupture

Relieved and cured by Dr. J. A. SHERMAN'S method, without regard to age or duration of the affliction, or the injury trusses inflict, or hindrance from labor, and with security from strangulation—of which, according to statistics, not less than 30,000 died during the past year. No one is safe who has a rupture and depends upon a truss; both are a physical and mental tax; bring on kidney, bladder and other organic diseases, which affect general health more than age or labor, besides affecting manhood and destroying all incentives to social pleasure.

Patients from abroad can receive treatment and leave for home same day. Dr. Sherman's book, with photographic likenesses of bad cases, before and after cure, and indorsements by Physicians, Merchants, Farmers and others who have been cured, mailed for 10c. Send for it and inform yourself. Principal office, 251 Broadway, N. Y.; days of consultation each week, Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays. 15 18 4t

His Soul and His Silver.

"Your asking me how I came to use it, reminds me of the story of the Scotchman who, on his death-bed, after a life of meanness, wanted to make things all right with the Lord by leaving some money to the kirk."

"'Will the Almighty pass me into Heaven if I give 10,000 pounds to the kirk, d'ye think?' said he."

"'I can't promise ye thot, mon,' answered the minister, 'but I advise ye to try the experiment.'"

Laughing heartily at the story, Rev. F. E. Osborne, of No. 273 Ogden avenue, Jersey City, pastor of the First Baptist Church, West Hoboken, continued: "That's what I did with PARKER'S TONIC; I tried the experiment. It more than met my expectations, and I am very glad to testify to its excellence. It goes at once to the root of all digestive and nervous derangements so common among men of my profession. For women and chronic invalids the Tonic is a perfect invigorant, and is destined to supplant all other remedies for this purpose. A single dose produces the gentle perspiration and sense of life which eradicates disease. It seems to rouse every organ into activity. I admire it, too, for its power to antagonize the hold of the liquor habit over inebriates."

This preparation, which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be called simply PARKER'S TONIC. As unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers with inferior articles under the name of ginger; and as ginger is really an unimportant flavoring ingredient, we drop the misleading word.

There will be no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all bottles in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the facsimile signature of HISCOX & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. 18-4t

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders by mail at regular prices 14-39-1y

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

Free 25 Useful Articles, 4 Beautiful FLORAL CHROMO CARDS, size 5x3, and an Illustrated BOOK to all who send two 3c. stamps for postage and packing. Mention this paper. E. G. RIDEOUT & CO., New York. 15-6-1y

W. P. Duncan & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

Steam Engines,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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D. M. FERRY & CO'S ILLUSTRATED DESCRIPTIVE AND PRICED SEED ANNUAL FOR 1883.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!

D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH. 15 18 3t

Miscellaneous.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.

Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

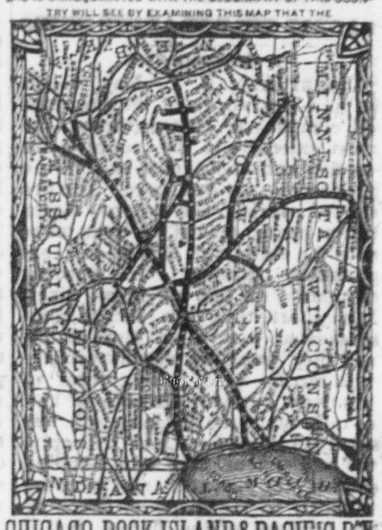
Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

(DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

14-44-1y

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.

CHICAGO.

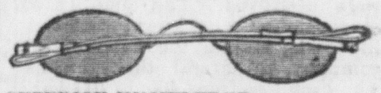
14-34-1y

QUEEN & CO.

THE GREAT OPTICIANS,

924 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.



SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE,
SUPERIOR SKILL,
SUPERIOR LENSES and
SUPERIOR FACILITIES

For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.

LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.

Do not trifle with your eyes by taxing UNSUITABLE GLASSES.

Catalogues as follows sent on application:—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 186 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 112 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages. 14-33-1y

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA.

For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 4 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER

Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine jan1 d6mawly

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12lin'this typ'g)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Fearful Fire.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., May 10—11 a. m.—The works of the Standard oil company at Communipaw, the most extensive in this country, are on fire and about one half of the property is now destroyed. The fire started during the severe storm this morning. One of the large tanks near the shore was struck and exploded by lightning. The burning oil poured off like an angry river. In a short time the flames communicated with three huge tanks, and they exploded simultaneously with terrific force. Fragments of iron were hurled a distance of half a mile and the burning oil was scattered in all directions Despite the tremendous heat and blinding smoke, the firemen are working valiantly in the hope of checking the progress of the flames, but it appears at this hour that the vast works will be destroyed, and it is feared the flames will reach out and consume property in the neighborhood.

The waves of flaming oil had rolled in upon the engine house. carpenter shop, machine shop, boiler and pump room, two warehouses, cooper shop and blacksmith shop and they were a heap of ruins in an hour. Tank after tank was caught by the flames, until seven out of the twenty-six on the ground were blazing. The tracks of the Pennsylvania railroad also caught fire, and several rolling tanks on the rails were only saved by having earth piled on top of them. The bay was a sheet of flaming oil, and the long trestle bridge of the railway, about a quarter of a mile long, running from the works to Black Soms island, was also burned down to the water's edge.

LATER.

The fire is now under control. It is thought that the loss will exceed $1,500,000. Twelve large tanks, eighteen cars, six barges, a dredger, three docks and five brick buildings were destroyed. The quantity of oil consumed is not known. Among the losers, besides the Standard oil company, are several other oil firms who each lose from 400 to 700 barrels of cylinder oil, which was stored in one of the warehouses. No bodies have yet been discovered.

A Desperate Indian Fight.

TOMBSTONE, A. T. May 10.—The report of the recent fight with the Indians in the Sierra Madre mountains is confirmed by a letter received at the headquarters of the army of Northern Mexico, at Oposura, in the state of Sonora. The engagement occurred at Sierra Talmoso, near the Chihuahua line. After hours of hard fighting the troops succeeded in dislodging the Indians from their stronghold and putting them to flight, leaving eleven of their bucks dead on the field. Many Indians were observed during the action carrying away their wounded. The Mexicans lost three state troopers and two federal killed and some eight or nine wounded. A large amount of stock, which had been stolen by the Indians in their late raids, was captured and sent to headquarters.

From indications during the fight it is supposed there were from one hundred and fifty to two hundred Indians engaged. The mountains appeared to be covered with them.

What the President will Do.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The president will probably accept an invitation to attend the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of the New York and Brooklyn bridge on the 24th inst. He will certainly be present on the occasion if his engagements permit. It is also probable that he will participate in the memorial exercises in New York city on Decoration day. The president will not take up his residence at the Soldiers' Home before next month. He has not yet made any arrangements for the summer.

Burned to Death.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 11.—Rarely has there been witnessed in this city a more terrifying spectacle than that which startled the neighborhood of Madison and Howard streets about 3 o'clock yesterday morning. While the fire bells were ringing flames and smoke were seen rising from the rear portion of the dwelling No. 138 West Madison street, and in a few minutes hundreds of persons, who had been aroused from their slumbers, had gathered at the scene. The excitement was intensified when it became known that several persons one of them a bed-ridden invalid, were imprisoned in the burning building, two of whom met with horrible deaths by burning or suffocation, and a third received fatal injuries by leaping from an upper story to the ground below.

The building in which the fire occurred was occupied by the Misses Adams as a residence. The persons who lost their lives were John F. Adams, aged 83 years, father of the young ladies named above, and who was suffocated by smoke; and Jane Byers, the colored cook, a woman about 70 years of age, who was burned to death while in bed, her lifeless body being found charred to a crisp. Henrietta Tyson, a colored chambermaid employed in the house, leaped from a third story window to the yard, breaking one of her hips and also an arm, besides sustaining severe internal injuries The Misses Adams kept a school for girls, but had no pupils boarding with them, and there were only seven persons in the house at the time of the fire. The loss to the building was $12,000, which is covered by insurance.

Fatal Blasting Accident.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., May 13.—Yesterday afternoon while Michael O'Niel, John McCormick and John Fallon were engaged in blasting coal at the Indian Ridge colliery, Shenandoah, Pa., a premature explosion took place which brought down a large mass of top rock and coal, completely burying O'Neil and partially covering Fallon and McCormick. The colliery had not been working during the past few days, and the three men were blasting the coal so that a good supply would be on hand prior to starting on Monday morning next. The work of extricating the men from their terrible position was speedily begun by those who hurried to the scene. O'Neil, who was a single man, was found terribly crushed and dead. The other two are terribly bruised and otherwise injured. They are both married men with large families.

The Cree Indians Getting Ready.

HELENA, M. T., May 13.—Colonel Ilges, commanding at Fort Assiniboine, has information that the Crees are preparing for a general war. Three hundred lodges under Big Bear, Lucky Man and little Pine are camped within 25 miles of Camp Walsh ready to cross into Montana to avenge the loss of the Crees in their last horse stealing raids. Col. Ilges has sent couriers to Fort Walsh with a demand that the British authorities take steps to prevent the Indians crossing the line. Colonel Ilges thinks the first attack will be made on Ventres and Assiniboines, causing a general war and a loss to northern Montana stock interests. A part of the Crees a few days ago stole forty horses from the Benton and St. Louis cattle company and are being pursued by two companies of cavalry from Fort Assiniboine. A fight will probably occur.

Counterfeit Money Offered for Sale.

OIL CITY, May 11.—Drop letters have recently been placed in the postoffice at this city containing circulars headed, "How to get rich—the secret of making money." The circulars are printed and in effect the party to whom they are addressed is to write to E. W. Fallis, Pittsburgh, for counterfeit legal tenders and bank notes giving a schedule of prices at which they will be sold. The circular says: "We have on our books names of the most substantial firms in the country, who are using this money. Brokers, merchants, professional men and even ministers of the gospel use this money, and this fact, together with the large amount in circulation, is, surely, a sufficient guarantee that no risks are incurred in using our money."

Victims of the Hangman.

JACKSON, O., May 11.—John W. Jackson was hanged this afternoon for the murder of Samuel L. Hull. Jackson slept soundly from 9 till 5.30 last night and ate a hearty breakfast this morning. He was very particular about his clothing and appearance. He said nothing on the scaffold but he had made a confession to be published after his death. A large crowd was present. The execution was private, but the body was exposed to view after death. The hanging was without special incidents.

GENESEEO, Ill., May 11.—Sylvester K. Mackinson was hanged at Cambridge this afternoon for the murder of Mrs. Maggie Copeland near Kewanee, August 26, 1882. Mackinson protested his innocence and ascribed the crime to Joseph Cole.

A Child Burned to Death.

BRADFORD, Pa., May 10.—Philena Hyde, 11 years old, was burned to death at Knoe City this morning. A younger sister was pouring kerosene on the fire when the can exploded and she accidentally threw it on her sister Philena. The younger sister was not seriously burned The house was saved by the neighbors.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Where shall you spend the summer.

—Now is the time to buy cigars of Harry Green.

—L. L. Brown's coal office has been neatly painted.

—The house-fly is inclined to make himself numerous.

—Milk continues at the high price of eight cents per quart.

—Harry Teats & Co.'s store is increasing in popularity daily.

—Centre Hall will have a postal money order office after June 1st.

—The Lutheran Sunday-school meets at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

—If you want to save fully 25 per cent. in carpets, go to the Bee Hive.

—There is a summer protracted meeting in the M. E. church at Pleasant Gap.

—Latest novelties in linen umbrellas and parasols just received at the Bee Hive.

—Trees are laden with blossoms and the air is freighted with a luscious fragrance.

—Some of the boardwalks on Spring and Thomas streets are in a very bad condition.

—You will be welcomed whenever you call at Harry Teats & Co.'s store to buy groceries.

—Harry Teats & Co.'s store is filled with one of the finest and best selected stock of groceries ever brought to Bellefonte.

—Mr. James Sommerville's Spring street residence looks very handsome since the recent extensive improvements made upon it.

—An unstamped letter addresed "Historand F. Boner, 1425 13th Avenue, Altoona, Pa.," is displayed at the Bellefonte post office.

—The grocery store of Sechler & Co. presents a busy and animated scene every day of the week, Sundays always excepted.

—The next concert by the Bellefonte orchestra will be given on Tuesday evening, June 5th. This will be the seventh of the course and the last until next fall.

—The feeling against the English sparrow is increasing and some persons advocate an application of dynamite to his tail. We do not share in the popular feeling against him, however.

—The same storm that spent itself in a heavy fall of hail in this place on Tuesday, the 8th, also swept through this State, New Jersey and New York. At some points the wind was terrific, and accomplished considerable damage to property.

—Lock Haven is endeavoring to get up a big celebration on the Fourth of July, but the people wont become enthusiastic about it. The arrangements in Bellefonte are progressing famously, and as all the surrounding country is coming here where will L. H. secure its crowd? Give it up.

—Mr. Chas. Davies, agent, will be at the Bush House in about one week to take orders for crayon portraits. What we consider an excellent specimen of the work executed by the firm he represents is now displayed in the Bush House. Persons who desire portraits of this description may leave their orders with him.

—Our old friend, Mr. John Walker, who recently took unto himself one of Lewistown's fair daughters for a life companion, is again at his post of duty on Bald Eagle freight. John is looking as hale and hearty as ever, and from what he told us on the quiet we infer that he is favorably impressed with the married state.

—Mrs. John Klinger, of Lamb street has been suffering terribly of late with a felon which appeared on one of her thumbs. Drs. Hibler and Mullen have attended the lady and have succeeded in relieving her to some extent, and there is a fair indication that the painful inflammation will disappear entirely.

—Two nephews of Samuel J. Tilden have spent $200,000 in two years. The aggravating feature of this case is that they did not spend it buying groceries at Sechler's store, but squandered it on extravagant trifles. It requires only a small sum of money to purchase enough groceries to last many a long day if they are bought at Sechler's.

—We give the names of the places and the dates selected by Mr. J. W. Moore and his children for their entertainments during the next two weeks. Beginning with Tyrone, on Thursday evening, May 17, those which follow will be Clearfield, Friday, the 18th; Philipsburg, Saturday, the 19; Altoona, Monday, the 21st; Johnstown, 22d, Hollidaysburg, 23d; Harrisburg, 24th; Middletown, 25th; Reading, 26th; Lancaster, 28th; Columbia, 29th; Williamsport, 30th Lock Haven, 31st.

A Few Events at Philipsburg.

Collated from the *Journal*.

Mr. Will Laurie, well known in Bellefonte, and manager of J. M. Hale & Co.'s hardware establishment in Philipsburg, recently made a business trip to the city to buy goods.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of John W. Geary Post, No. 90, G. A. R., will hold a fair on Friday and Saturday, May 25 and 26.

Mrs. Henrietta Strouse, mother of Mrs. Henry Schmidt, of Philipsburg, died at her home in Huntingdon on Sunday, the 16th, aged 71 years.

Mr. Ed Kuhn is visiting in Philipsburg for the first time after an absence of five years. His present home is in Lancaster.

Miss Helen Southard, of Philipsburg, is at home after an absence of two months.

None of the Philipsburg dry goods stores are open after 8 o'clock p. m., except on Saturday night.

J. Oscar Loraine and family and Miss Emma Kessler are at home in Philipsburg from North Carolina, where they have been spending the winter.

—Try Harry Green's cigars. They will give you perfect satisfaction.

A Spring Visitor.

The first fruit of the spring and summer season—the round, red strawberry with its green cap—will soon be here in profusion and usual excellence. It is probably more generally eaten and more thoroughly enjoyed than any of the berries that come later, though the latter can generally be purchased at much cheaper rates. This undoubted general preference for the strawberry is probably due to its fine and delicate flavor as well as to its decidedly superior appearance.

It is said—and the evidences of our senses confirm the assertion—that the strawberry crop, both north and south, is late this year. Of course all regret this, but it will be all the more welcome when it puts in appearance, and it is not expected that we will be compelled to wait very long until we shall be permitted to press it between our lips.

—We cannot enumerate even a small part of the excellent and cheap groceries kept by Sechler.

The Susquehanna Classis.

Centre Hall will be the scene of an interesting religious gathering this week, the Susquehanna Classis of the Reformed church being called to meet there to-day (Wednesday), the 16th. This body includes sixteen pastoral charges, each one of which will be represented by its pastor and one elder. It will conclude on Sunday, the 20th, the Holy Communion forming a part of the service on the morning of that day.

—"The other night, as old St. Peter slept,
He left the heavenly gates ajar;
When out a little angel crept,
And came down on a falling star."

That's the dream that delighted the slumbers of Mr. James Potter, on Thursday night last; and behold it was not all a dream, for a charming little daughter arrived on Friday morning and Mr. and Mrs. Potter are rejoicing. They say she weighs 11 pounds. Accept our congratulations, please.

—The Harrisburg *Telegraph*, one of the most reliable news journals in Pennsylvania, appeared last week in a complete new dress and is greatly improved in appearance.

—The quality of groceries depends largely on the place they are purchased. Harry Teats & Co.'s store is certainly among the best establishments.

—Only a few pairs of mosquetaire kid gloves left at the Bee Hive, for 50 cents—worth $1.50.

Business and Other Notices.

Suits made to your own measure for $15.00. Leave your order to-day. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

"ROUGH ON RATS."—Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

"BUCHU-PAIBA."—Quick, complete cure, all annoying kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. $1. Druggists.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

—The new houses in process of erection by Mr. James McClain and Mr. Cal. Harper are approaching completion rapidly, the former being nearest a finished state. A neat fence is now being put around Mr. Harper's property.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE JUNE CENTURY.—Edmund W. Gosse is to contribute the opening paper to the JUNE CENTURY. The subject, "Living English Sculptors," is one he is well qualified to treat for he is scarcely better known as a poet than as a special student in the diverse fields of Scandinavian literature and the graphic and plastic arts. He will claim for living English sculptors, it is said, a place well up with the leadership of the French in what is called the second revival of sculpture. The argument of the text will have the support of fourteen or fifteen illustrations, some of them full-page, showing the best works of Woolner, Walker, Armstead, Marshall, Lawson, Maclean, and Thornycroft's "Artemis" and "Teucer," which are admirable for their classic beauty and ideality. Woolner's bust of "Tennyson will be the frontispiece of the number. Albert Stickney's attack upon the jury system in last November's CENTURY has called out several replies which, with a brief rejoinder by Mr. Stickney, will be grouped in the June number under the title, "Both sides of the Jury Question." Theodore Thomas has written an introduction for a paper "On the Training of Children's Voices," which Mr. Wm. L. Tomlins has contributed to the forthcoming June CENTURY. Mr. Thomas is said to agree fully with Mr. Tomlins, that the old system of musical exercise in the public schools is alike ruinous to the voices and opposed to a sound musical taste. He thinks Mr. Tomlins correctly describes what such training ought to be.

DIRECTORY

OF

BELLEFONTE BUSINESS HOUSES, ARTISANS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Bakers.

JOSEPH CEADER, 8 Bishop St.
J. H. SANDS, 23 Allegheny St., E. side.

Barbers.

M. S. GRAHAM, bath room, basement Conrad House.
R. A. BECK, under First National bank.

Books and Stationery and News Depot.

JNO. C. MILLER & CO., 3 High St. next door post office.

Boots and Shoes.

JNO. POWERS & SON, 43 High St.
DOLL & MINGLE, 10 Brockerhoff Row.

Bottling Establishment.

JNO. ANDERSON, 65 High St., south side.

Butchers.

JOHN BEEZER, North High street, near Centre Co. bank.
SECHLER & CO., 68 High street.

Cigars and Tobacco.

CHARLES RINE, High street, opposite depot.

Cigar Manufacturers.

H. C. WEAVER, First National bank building.

China, Glass and Queensware.

W. H. WILKINSON, 16 & 18 Allegheny street.

Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade, new addition, High St.

Coal and Grain.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN, near depot.

Snow Shoe Coal and Coke.

BERWIND, WHITE & CO., Race St., near Bush House.

Carriage Manufactury.

J. R. BARTRUFF, near water works.

Dry Goods.

VALENTINES STORE CO., limited, Humes block, Allegheny St.

Drugs and Medicines.

DR. M. A. KIRK, 41 Bush Arcade, High St.

Furs, Hides and Leather.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Agt., Bush Arcade, High St.

Furniture.

JOHN BRACHBILL, 20 Spring street.

Gunsmith—Sporting Goods.

THEO. DESCHNER, High street.

Groceries.

HARRY TEATS & CO., High St., oppo. Bush House.
SECHLER & CO., 68 High St.
V. G. BAUER & CO., 6 Bishop St.

General Merchandise

C. U. HOFFER & CO., 7 Allegheny st.

Harness Makers.

J. H. McCLURE & SON, 10 Bishop St.
JAMES SCOFIELD, 13 Spring St.

Hotels.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, C. G. McMillen, proprietor.

Dealers in and Manufacturers of Lumber.

P. B. CRIDER & SON.
PHŒNIX PLANING MILL CO.

Merchant Tailors.

W. I. FLEMING, Humes' block, Allegheny St (repairing).

Millinery.

MISS M. I. MacBRIDE, 29 Allegheny St.
MISS MARY C. AMMERMAN, 18 Bishop St.

Paints and Paper Hanging.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS, 50 High St.

Plumbers and Gas Fitters.

WILLIAM GALBRAITH, 15 Allegheny st.,
JOHN BARNES, 48 High st.

Sewing Machines and Musical Instruments.

BUNNELL & AIKENS, 1 Bishop st.

Stoves and Tinware.

W. T. TWITMIRE, 45 High st., Bush Arcade.

Watchmakers.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.
FRANK GALBRAITH, 74 High st., opp. depot.

Optician.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 15 7 1y

Goldsmith Brothers.

NO TROUBLE

TO

SHOW GOODS.

In this spirit all visitors are received at the

Bee Hive

One Price Stores

Whether you intend to purchase, or are only

"Looking to see where you can do the best."

In fact the better a person is acquainted with prices and goods elsewhere, the more certain we are to secure their patronage.

Nothing is better known to the community at large than that for low prices and excellent variety of goods we

Take the Lead

Over and above all other competitors.

Dress Goods,

SILKS,
SHAWLS,
DOMESTICS,
LINENS,
RIBBONS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
NOTIONS,

SILKS,
SHAWLS,
DOMESTICS,
LINENS,
RIBBONS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
NOTIONS,

Carpets and Oil Cloths,

Merchant Tailoring,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Hats and Caps,

TRUNKS AND SATCHELS,

Also Manufacturers of the celebrated

"BEE HIVE OVERALLS,"

best in the world.

GOLDSMITH BROS,

Bee Hive

One Price Stores,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

N. B.—Don't lose sight of the fact that we are still retailing Carpets 25 per cent. cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere.

15-13

A New Way of Selling Shoes.

On Saturday afternoon two individuals entered John Powers & Son's shoe store, ostensibly to purchase shoes. They examined several pairs of shoes of different qualities and at last one of the men made a selection. Ed Powers turned away to wrap the shoes in paper when he noticed the second individual slyly abstract a a pair of shoes from among those left standing on the counter and place them in his pocket. Ed took the money for the first pair and allowed the men to depart, following them slowly as far as Garman's store, when he skillfully drew the stolen shoes from the man's pocket, with the remark: "Did you buy these shoes at our store?" The man turned around and when he saw his indignant pursuer his countenance turned white. He didn't say anything, and Ed informed him that if he wanted to save further trouble he should come back to the store immediately and pay full price for those shoes. The man did so and seemed glad to depart without any further proceedings in the matter.

—We invite the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of the famous "Bee Hive" stores, conducted by those experienced merchants, the Goldsmith Bros., to be found in this week's REPUBLICAN. The business of this establishment this year has been the largest ever experienced by them and they appreciate the advantage of judicious advertising. The patrons of the store and all who are in search of a place to buy dress goods, laces, ribbons, clothing, etc., will find that this store has one invariable price for all, and will find all promises made in advertisements faithfully fullfilled.

Music from Lock Haven.

The Undine Hose Company have procured the services of Prof. William Young's orchestra, of Lock Haven, to render dancing music on the occasion of their Fourth of July picnic. The picnic will take place on the Fair ground, where dancing can be kept up in the commodious buildings and enclosures during rain, sunshine or any other kind of weather that may prevail.

—Jay Gould is noted for the quantity of gold he possesses. His one hundred millions render him such an important individual that he does not take a step without the papers noticing the fact as if they expected the world would be inverted in a slight degree by his weight. It is more important for the people of this vicinity to remember that Sechler's store continues to sell the finest groceries to be found in the county for the least money.

—The law removing check and proprietary stamps does not take effect until July 1st, 1883. A penalty of $50 is imposed upon every person who makes, signs or issues any check before that date without a stamp, or exposes for sale any proprietary article, of whatever nature, without the requisite stamp upon each and every article. This law must be strictly adhered to until that date, or parties must otherwise take the consequences

—It is easy now to have strawberry shortcake. Just make the cake of any dimensions you please and the strawberries will be *short*.

Imitation Baking Powders.

TO THE PUBLIC:

The public is cautioned against the practice of many grocers who sell what they claim to be Royal Baking Powder, loose or in bulk, without label or trade-mark. All such powders are base imitations. Analyses of hundreds of samples of baking powders sold in bulk to parties asking for Royal have shown them all to be largely adulterated, mostly with alum, dangerous for use in food, and comparatively valueless for leavening purposes.

The public is too well aware of the injurious effect of alum upon the system, to need further caution against the use of any baking powders known to be made from this drug; but the dealer's assurance, "Oh, it's just as good as Royal," or "it's the genuine Royal, only we buy it by the barrel to save expense of can," etc., is apt to mislead the unsuspecting customers into buying an article which they would not knowingly use in their food under any consideration. The only safety from such practices is in buying baking powder only in the original package, of a well known brand, and a thoroughly established reputation.

The Royal Baking Powder is sold only in cans, securely closed, with the Company's trade mark label, and the weight of package stamped on each cover. It is never sold in bulk, by the barrel, or loose by weight or measure, and all such offered the public under any pretense, are imitations.

If consumers will bear these facts in mind, and also that the package purchased is properly labeled, and the label unbroken, they will be always sure of using a baking powder perfectly pure and wholesome and of the highest test strength in the market.

J. C. HOAGLAND, President,
Royal Baking Powder Co., N. Y.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

MOTHER SWAN'S WORM SYRUP.—Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

Boots and Shoes.

Doll & Mingle,

Allegheny Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Also a large line of

MEN'S FINE BOOTS.

Boots, Shoes and Slippers
FOR OLD AND YOUNG.

Repairing neatly and Promptly done at moderate prices.

15-19-tf

Miscellaneous.

Now is the Time

TO SECURE

YOUR OWN HOMES!

75 of the Most Desirable Lots
In the Borough of
MILESBURG,
FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

For particulars apply to J. M. GREEN, Milesburg, or F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, executors of JOS. GREEN, deceased. ap26d&wtf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Henry L. Beck, late of Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Sarah J. Beck, widow of said decedent, and Martin Walker, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

SARAH J. BECK,
MARTIN WALKER,
May 10, 1883. 19 6t Administrators.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.—Appeals will be held at the Commissioners' office, in Bellefonte, Pa., for the several boroughs and townships as follows:

Patton township, Monday, June 4.
Half Moon township, Monday, June 4.
Ferguson township, Tuesday, June 5.
Harris township, Wednesday, June 6.
College township, Wednesday, June 6.
Potter township, Thursday, June 7.
Gregg township, Friday June 8.
Penn township, Monday, June 11.
Millheim borough, Monday June 11.
Haines township, Tuesday, June 12.
Miles township, Tuesday, June 12.
Walker township, Wednesday, June 13.
Marion township, Wednesday, June 13.
Howard borough, Thursday, June 14.
Howard township, Thursday, June 14.
Liberty township, Friday, June 15.
Curtin township, Friday, June 15.
Boggs township, Monday June 18.
Milesburg borough, Monday, June 18.
Huston township, Tuesday, June 19.
Union township, Tuesday, June 19.
Unionville borough, Tuesday, June 19.
Worth township, Wednesday, June 20.
Taylor township, Wednesday, June 20.
Burnside township, Wednesday, June 20.
Rush township, Thursday, June 21.
Philipsburg, Thursday, June 21.
Snow Shoe, Friday, June 22.
Benner township, Friday, June 22.
Spring township, Monday, June 25.
Bellefonte, Tuesday, June 26.

From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m. each day the assessors with their assessments (assistants not required) are required to be in attendance.

JOHN WOLF,
H. C. CAMPBELL,
Attest, A. J. GREIST,
W. MILES WALKER, Commissioners.
Clerk. 15 19 3t

New Advertisements.

NAVAL BATTLES
OF THE WORLD,

By EDWARD SHIPPEN, Medical Director U. S. N. A thrilling Pictorial History of the World's Great Sea Fights, with specimens of naval architecture of all ages. A record of wonderful exploits more interesting than fiction. Price only $3. It sells everywhere. AGENTS make $100 per month. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 15-19-4t

WANTED Energetic, Reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. SALARY AND EXPENSES paid. Full instructions given, no inexperienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LECLARE, BRIGHTON, N. Y. (1 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.) 15-19 4t

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS FOR THE **LIVER** And all Bilious Complaints. Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping. Price 25 cents. All Druggists. 15-19 4t

$65 A MONTH and BOARD for three live young men or ladies in each county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 19 4t

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED For our Rapid Selling Book
PROFESSIONAL **THIEVES** AND DETECTIVES. By ALLAN PINKERTON. His most remarkable and BEST Detective stories, with sketch of his life. Profusely illustrated. *No competition*, low in price, sells quick. This is a rare chance to make money. Everybody will buy it. Many of our agents are making $50 per week. Exclusive territory. Best terms. G. W. Carleton & Co., Publishers, New York. 15-19-4t

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Monday, May 28, 1883, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Corporation to be called the "Centre Building and Loan Association of Bellefonte, Pa.," the character and object whereof is to enable its members to save periodically a portion of their earnings, thereby accumulating a fund which can be loaned or advanced to the stockholders from time to time to purchase or build their own houses, or to make any other safe and profitable investments they may desire, and lawful for such an association to make, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

S. M. BUCK,
ANDREW J. COOK,
J. W. GEPHART,
18 3t Com. on Incorporation.

Lyon & Co.

LYON & CO.

For Men.

A LIST OF A FEW OF THE MANY BARGAINS WE HAVE:

An all wool Cassimere Suit, light colors, at $7.00, former price, $10.00.
A good pair of Pants, 75c. and $1.00.
A pair of elegant spring-bottom black basket Pants, $2.00.
A good child's suit at $1.75.
A full line cassimere Pants from $2.00 up.
A special bargain in a fine Percale Shirts, two collars and collar buttons, at 50c. A finer one at 65c.
The best quality moleskin shirts at 50c., former price, $1.25.
A lot of Boys' Socks at 3c. a pair.

For the Ladies.

Ladies' plush and leather Cabas, 25 to 50c., old price, $1 to $2.
The finest quality all linen, colored border, Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 15c, old price, 35.
The finest assortment of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Nainsook Edgings and Insertings.
Sash Ribbons, embroidered edge, suitable also for Bonnet and Hat Trimmings and Bows, 25c. a yard, old price, 75c.
A second lot of those cheap Ribbons—a watered Sash Ribbon, 7 inches wide, 30c. per yard.
Black Silk Watered Ribbon, 8c. a yard, old price, 25c.

DRESS GOODS.

A wool watered Satteen in garnet, bronze, navy blue and green at 16c., old price, 35c. An all wool extra fine garnet and cardinal cashmere, 38 inches wide, 50c., price elsewhere, 75c. Children's Plaids, 8, 10 and 12½c., price elsewhere at least one-half more.
New Buttons—new shades, new colors, new styles, all shapes,
Black and white Dress Ginghams, 7c. per yard, old price, 15c.
German colored Table and Stand Covers, $1.10, worth $2.00.
Kid Gloves, best grades reduced to 35, 40, 50 and 88c. Same goods six months ago, 75, 90, $1.00 and $1.25.
A lot of Children's regular made striped hose reduced to 15c. a pai former price 40 to 65c.
Baptist's Claire Linen D'Irelande, Paris Muslins, Edgings and Laces, White Guipure, &c.

Special Bargain No. 1. A lot of the finest Fur Hats reduced from $2.50 to 75c.
Special Bargain No. 2. A lot of Parasols reduced from 35c. to 10c.
Special Bargain No. 3. A lot of double-width Alpacas reduced from 35c. to 12½c.
Special Bargain No. 4. A lot of finest Dress Lawns reduced from 15c. to 12½c.
Special Bargain No. 5. 50 pieces of best quality of Dress Prints reduced from 8c. to 6c.
Special Bargain No. 6. A lot of Men's low cut Shoes reduced from $2.50 to $1.50
Special Bargain No. 7. A lot of Gents' fine Silk Ties reduced from 50c. to 25c.
Special Bargain No. 8. A lot of Infants' fine laced Morocco Shoes reduced from 50c. to 35c.

We will be glad at any time to send you samples with our prices by mail of any goods you may need.
We have but one price for all.
Just opened, a big line of Ladies' and Children's fine Shoes.

LYON & CO.

ap18tf

Aggregate Value of Real and Personal Property in Centre County, for the Year 1883.

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Aggregate value of all real estate taxable.	Aggregate value of all horses, mules, &c.	Aggregate value of all cattle.	Aggregate value of all household goods in excess of $300.	Aggregate value of all pleasure carriages.	Aggregate value of trades, &c.	Aggregate value of all property taxable for county purposes.	Aggregate value of all stocks, stages, &c., kept for hire.	Aggregate value of all mortgages, promissory notes, judgments, also articles of agreements and accounts bearing interest	Watches. Class 1 No.	Class 2 No.	Class 3 No.
Bellefonte boro	$763750	$11475	$2395	$11900	$4525	$63715	$857760	$2210	$87400	19	21	7
Howard	81000	1665	664		515	8175	92019	240	6860			12
Millheim	132190	3470	967	200	1080	9563	147470		8550		4	5
Milesburg	92850	1645	660		25	9475	104665		1000		1	1
Unionville	72560	845	629		470	5360	79864		7705		2	
Philipsburg	392883	10170	1010	1700	720	34965	442448	1050	10000	5	18	10
Benner	444470	15620	5180		835	8845	474950		3000			
Boggs	284729	17165	4755		645	29605	339999		1500		2	2
Burnside	42832	4800	984	400	420	3225	52767			1	1	1
College	522657	12700	5096		1025	9135	550613		3900	2	4	1
Curtin	50313	6720	2004		367	4045	63649		1155			2
Ferguson	677859	17459	6973		1536	14435	718262	20	3800			1
Gregg	697173	18103	5675		3015	12895	736861		6100			
Haines	517260	19800	6299		3695	15150	552204		4500		4	3
Halfmoon	319206	8395	3155		1418	6355	338529		6530		3	1
Harris	261258	12585	4961		3080	4440	386324		24650		4	
Howard	152352	9265	2997	150	405	8490	173659		200	1	3	1
Huston	93686	5115	2332	200	620	3950	105903		2020		5	4
Liberty	181130	11580	3135		540	8955	205349		4230		6	1
Marion	327900	8560	2190		805	2930	342385		6000		1	
Miles	546412	21375	7292		4856	15585	595520		10825			3
Patton	196252	11585	2913		1020	6395	318165		500			
Penn	328226	14532	3615		1221	5700	353294		4650			
Potter	808951	32030	9879		4398	17520	873658		6900	1	7	6
Rush	177050	7695	1995	1000	1200	14000	203000			6	6	
Spring	711121	34810	9385	400	2365	29925	788006	40	10617			
Snow Shoe												
Taylor	66326	3190	1451	100		2900	69057				1	1
Union	116014	11205	3382		400	8250	139251		650		1	2
Walker	502028	13057	5278		1945	7843	529951		3000			1
Worth	66053	4153	1779		145	3835	75965		2325			3
Total	$8821480	$351669	$109230	$16350	$43291	$363341	$10708161	$3560	$220467	35	86	70

The commissioners hereby give notice that they will meet as a Board of Revision, as requested by the Act of Assembly at their office in Bellefonte on the 21st inst., to ascertain and determine whether any of the valuations have been made above or below a just rate and to revise, correct and equalize the same according to the requirements of the law relating to taxation.

JOHN WOLF,
H. C. CAMPBELL, } County Com.
W. MILES WALKER, A. J. GREIST,

Bellefonte, Pa., May 8, 1883.

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

AS IT WAS SINCE THE COMMENCEMENT, AND WILL BE TO THE END.

One Price! One Price! One Price!

NOT ONLY FOR

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

BUT FOR

Dry Goods, Notions,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

Gents' Furnishing,

QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE, GROCERIES,

(No adulterated goods)

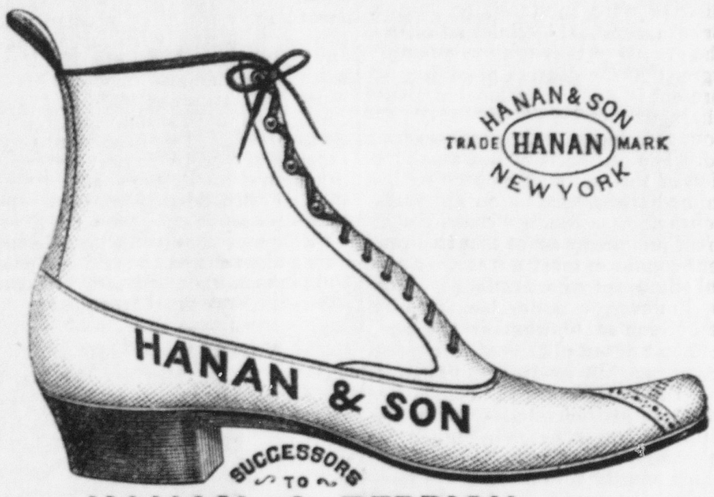
The untarnished reputation of the old firm for Honesty and Uprightness will be fully sustained by their successors.

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

15-8tf

Graham & Son.

Cloth and Kid Tops in Button and Lace.



HANAN & REDDISH

HANAN & SON'S goods are the neatest, best fitting and most substantial goods in the market. CAN'T BE BEAT for neatest style and durability.

GRAHAM & SON, Sole Ag'ts,

CORNER BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

15-15-3m

Michael Levi & Co.

EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO.

JUST STOP AND THINK!

Where Do You Buy Your Clothes?

In asking you the above question we simply desire you to examine closely three main points:

1st. Quality—Material.
2d. Style—Fit and Work.
3d. Price—Size of Bill.

And when you are satisfied with conclusions, pay us a visit, and we will guarantee quality of material, style of fit and work and a net saving of 10 per cent.

Men's Suits from $4.00 upwards.
Youths' Suits from $3.50 upwards.
Boys' Suits from $2.88 upwards.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

IS COMPLETE IN ALL GRADES.

Men's Working Pants as Low as 75 Cents.

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY,

We will give every purchaser of a Boy's or Child's Suit a present of a Hat.

A FULL LINE OF

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Etc.

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

—SIGN—

KEYSTONE.

ALLEGHENY STREET, UNDER REYNOLDS' OPERA HOUSE
BELLEFONTE, PA.

MICHAEL LEVI & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 15 7 1y

Bellefonte Republican.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Washington Waifs.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—No apprehension is felt at the war department that General Crook will commit any act in violation of the terms of the agreement between this government and Mexico. relative to military operations against the hostiles in the territory of one country by the troops of the other. Although General Crook is acting upon his own responsibility in crossing the border, not having received instructions in advance from the war department to undertake any such expedition, he is only exercising the discretion always accorded to an officer of this rank in conducting warfare against the savages, and having been explicitly instructed by the secretary of war not to cross the border except in strict compliance with the terms of agreement, the department sees no reason, in advance of any protest from the Mexican government, to anticipate that he will disregard these instructions and confront himself with a court martial.

Consul General Merritt, of London, in a communication to the state department gives the following as the result of inquiries made of the United States consular agents in London relative to the situation in Ireland: Replies to the question of "Whether published accounts of distress were substantially correct or exaggerated?" while admitting the gravity of the situation generally agree that the distress prevailing at present is not exceptionable in its character, and that published accounts to the contrary are exaggerated. The prospects of the amelioration of the present condition in the immediate future are most discouraging, and the consuls with great unanimity agree that the present condition must act as a powerful stimulus to emigration. There is, however, considerable diversity of opinion as to whether the government or guardians of the poor are engaged in sending paupers to the United States. In conclusion Mr. Merritt suggested that in the future the utmost care be taken in selecting the channels through which charity is to be administered.

Strikes and Compromises.

PITTSBURG, May 7.—The coal miners in eleven pits along the Pan Handle road have reported for work at the reduction. The strikers are working hard to get all the miners out and expect to make the suspension of work general by to-morrow. Meetings were held at Mansfield for that purpose to-day. The miners' officials claim that if necessary the river miners will stop work to cut off the supply of the railroad operators, and they failing the association will endeavor to get the co-operation of miners in Ohio and Maryland to join in the demand for an advance in a certain day.

It is reported this evening that several lodges of the amalgamated association have inaugurated a movement which it is thought will result in an offer to compromise the dispute over the wages of the mill workmen, for the next year on a basis of a general reduction of 10 per cent. The officers of the amalgamated association refused to affirm or deny the report. The manufacturers say the offer to compromise would likely be accepted.

A. O. Tintsman & Co., coke manufacturers, whose financial embarrassment was announced on Saturday, after a prolonged consultation with their creditors made an assignment this evening to A. A. Hutchinson, of this city. Their liabilities amount to $316,000. Of this amount $220,000 is secured. The principal creditors are banks in this city and western Pennsylvania coke operators. No other cause is assigned for the failure than the depression in the coke trade.

Statement from Cardinal McCloskey.

NEW YORK, May 7.—A statement was published this morning to the effect that Cardinal Jacobini, the papal secretary of state at Rome, had sent a cable dispatch to Cardinal McCloskey, asking whether it were true that the latter has received recently at his house in this city Alexander Sullivan, the president of the Irish national league, and demanding his reasons therefor. Cardinal McCloskey denies he has received such a dispatch and declared the statement as absurd and ridiculous upon its face, as any one acquainted with the ecclesiastical law will readily see. It was impossible that any such request should be made, he added.

Wants to Resign.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The resignation of Lieutenant Colonel Guido Ilges, of the Eighteenth infantry, to take effect in January next, has been received at the war department, having been forwarded from General Terry's headquarters. Secretary Lincoln has directed that it be returned with instructions that if the resignation be tendered to take effect immediately it will be accepted, but otherwise a court-martial will be ordered to try him upon the charge of duplicating his pay accounts

Printers on a Strike.

BOSTON, May 7.—The union printers employed at the University Press, Cambridge, struck work today, being dissatisfied with the present rate of wages.

The Governor Receives.

HARRISBURG, May 10.—The first reception given by Governor Pattison since the day of his inauguration was tendered last evening at the gubernatorial mansion on Front street. Few pleasanter occasions of a similar character have been had for some years past in this city. It was rendered notable by the presence of many persons of wide reputation.

What gave additional attractiveness to the rooms were the plants and flowers that on the first and second floors were most liberally grouped. Tropical plants and domestic ones were blended as to give a charm to all the surroundings.

The governor, assisted by his wife, Mrs. Stenger and Miss Woolford, received in the lower drawing-room, and the introductions of the guests were of the simplest character.

Among the prominent people present were Attorney General Cassidy, Deputy Attorney General Snodgrass, Secretary of the Commonwealth Stenger, Lieutenant Governor Black, Judge Jere Black, Senators Wallace, Cooper, Emery, Davis, Humes, Lee, Patton, Laird, Stewart, King, Keefer, Wolverton, Nelson, Hart, Coxe, Watres, Hess, Herr, Sutton, Shearer, Vandergrift, Gordon, Adams, Smith and MacFarlane, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth Shoemaker, Dr. Everett and many members of the house and others whose names were not noted. There were numerous handsome toilets worn, the majority of them being cut full dress. Mrs. Pattison wore cream moire cut en train, the front surah laid in puffs and plaits, the corsage and overdress trimmed in duchesse point with a fringe of pearls. Her ornaments were pearls and Marshal Neil roses. Mrs. Stenger, who is in mourning, wore black ottoman silk, plainly made, with hydrangeas and onyx jewelry. Miss Kate Woolford wore blue damasse made with a court train, trimmed with pink silk and Spanish lace, with a corsage bouquet of roses. Mrs. Lieutenant Governor Black wore navy blue crape trimmed with a lighter shade of blue silk and with Irish point lace. She wore steel ornaments. Mrs. Dr. Everett wore purple velvet with a court train and a petticoat front of old gold and pink silk trimmed with duchesse lace. She wore pearl ornaments.

A Storm Swept State.

DANVILLE, Pa., May 8.—The most terrific wind storm in many years visited this borough and vicinity today, accompanied by drenching showers of rain and heavy thunder and lightning. This region of country was severely dealt with. A whirlwind took possession of Mill street a moment before the storm burst, and pedestrians made for places of shelter to avoid danger. The roofs of houses occupied by employes of the Montour Iron Company were lifted from their fastenings and hurled into the streets, and the handsome steeple of the new Episcopal church, it is thought, has suffered somewhat from the violence of the wind. Trees are uprooted, and the branches were carried everywhere. Many window panes were blown in by the action of the elements Telegraphic communication with distant points was cut off by the dropping of the wires, but the office at Riverside is in good order. At Berwick the roof of the long bridge over the Susquehanna was blown off into the river. At Drifton one of the large breakers was swept piece by piece level with the earth. By the flying missiles and falling timbers many of the employes were hurt. Two men were crushed to death. The breaker is the property of Senator Coxe and is a total wreck. All trains were delayed between this point and Wilkesbarre, the embankments and culverts were washed out, and rails and ties loosened. The storm was a regulation western cyclone. It swept over the country with disastrous effect, destroying many out houses.

The Storm at Williamsport.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., May 8.—A violent rain and wind storm, accompanied by loud thunder and vivid lightning, visited this city this afternoon. Several houses were struck by lightning, but no serious damage was done to them. The large woolen factory of Stadon & Brother was completely unroofed, the tin being rolled up, carried across the street and lodged on the top of two maple trees standing in the front yard of the residence of William Stadon, one of the proprietors of the mill. The building was deluged with water, greatly damaging the stock, cloths, and machinery. The loss will probably reach $1,000. Fences and telegraph poles along the railroads below here suffered very much.

Forepaugh's Circus in a Storm.

TRENTON, N. J., May 8.—During a terrible wind and rain storm this afternoon the main tent of Forepaugh's circus was blown over, the canvas torn in shreds, seats thrown over and all aerial apparatus destroyed. Fortunately the last of the afternoon audience had just left the tent or the loss of many lives would have resulted. One of the circus employes was injured by a falling pole which struck him on the head. In consequence of the accident the ring performance was abandoned this evening.

Successfully Removed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.—For some time past Judge William D. Kelley has been suffering from a tumor in his mouth, and as it has been increasing in size and causing considerable pain recently, it was deemed advisable for him to undergo a surgical operation, which was successfully performed this afternoon by Drs. Morton and Agnew.

May Music.

PHILADELPHIA, May 9.—The May musical festival was inaugurated this evening by a grand concert at the academy of music, which was thronged with a fashionable audience. The chorus was the largest and best disciplined ever heard in this city, numbering five hundred and fifty voices with one hundred instrumentalists. Chandos anthem, by Handel, was rendered for the first time in this city by a chorus and orchestra, and was pronounced a success. Madame Babriel Balma made a decided hit in her grand scene, and "Aria Ah Pefedo," by Beethoven. The concluding number of the concert was Spohr's oratorio of "The Last Judgment," in which Madame Baemar, Miss Emma Crouch and Max Heinrich were the soloists. The leader was Charles M. Schmitz. The chorus acquitted itself admirably. The concert was an artistic and financial success.

The Result of too much Drink.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Early this morning Matthew Smith, a pianomover, 41 years old, died at Roosevelt hospital. Smith, after leaving work last night, drank freely. He was in the saloon at Seventh avenue and Thirty-fourth street till a late hour. In company with one of the bar tenders he started for home, but was overtaken at Thirty-sixth street by Thomas McLarney, a friend. Angry words passed between them, and McLarney, it is said, struck Smith a blow with a slungshot. McLarney was arrested. He denies that he struck Smith.

A Conference.

NEW YORK, May 9.—A conference was held this afternoon at the Astor House which was attended by General Duncan S. Walker, Reuben Carroll, P. J. Sheridan and Patrick Ford. The deliberations were conducted in secret but it was said that they related to steps that are to be taken in the event of a demand by the British government for the extradition of Walsh and Sheridan. It was also said that no definite conclusion had yet been arrived at and that nothing would yet be made public.

The Composer of "Pinafore." Knighted.

LONDON, May 7.—The Prince of Wales formally opened the School of Music at Kensington to-day. In an address he announced that Mr. Arthur Sullivan and Mr. George Grove had been knighted. He also stated that Mr. George A. MacFarren, musical director, had been created a knight. The Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh and Mr. Gladstone were present at the ceremony.

Forfeit their Charters.

HARRISBURG, May 7.—The governor to-night issued a proclamation declaring forfeited the charters of all those corporations which have failed to make a return to the attorney general within three years, and which have not responded since the issuing of a previous proclamation thirty days ago. Between 650 and 700 charters are declared forfeited. The list is composed largely of defunct concerns.

Erie's Experience.

Another Cure utterly without a Precedent.

ERIE, PA., Sept. 10, 1881.

Dr. Hartman: I cannot but express my thanks to you for the great benefit I received from the use of Peruna and Manalin. One bottle of each placed me squarely on my feet, after a long sickness, which had laid me in bed and then left me lame and crippled. Three days' use of these remedies dispensed with the cane, and in a week I was perfectly well.

N. J. WRIGHT,
Business Agent, Erie *Evening Herald.*

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's book on the "Ills of Life." He will give it gratis. If not, address Dr. H., at Osborn, O

The California Senatorship.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—George Hearst, the unsuccessful Democratic candidate for Governor of this State, is mentioned as the coming Democratic candidate for the United States Senate. Hearst is a man of great wealth, and is the chief financial power of the *Examiner*, the leading Democratic newspaper of this city.

Seriously Injured.

CHICAGO, May 8.—Judge Eaton, ex-member of the supreme bench, was thrown from a carriage to-day and seriously injured.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE IN WOMEN.—The gentler sex, for a variety of reasons perfectly understood by them, are peculiarly liable to those attacks which end in Bright's disease of the kidneys. Upon the special attention of women, therefore, we urge the great virtues of Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine. This superb medicine has saved many a good woman from an early grave. It is excellent in all of the peculiar diseases of the sex. No medicine equals Hunt's Remedy for delicate women.

We are willing to take a certain amount of stock in newspaper accounts of Western cyclones, but when an Arkansas paper tells us about a zephyr carrying a bed quilt sixty-one miles, and then went back for the sheet, we ain't there.

Israel Jones, Mt. Carmel, Pa., Says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved my wife in sick headache and weakness in the stomach."

A lady advertises that she has "a fine airy well furnished bedroom for a gentlemen twelve foot square;" another has a "cheap and desirable suit of rooms for a respectable family in good repair;" still another has "a hall bedroom for a single woman 8x12."

Dead at 125 Years.

CENTREVILLE, Ohio, May 6—Jordan Blizzard, a negro who was believed to be the oldest man in this county, has just died at the age of 125. He was born in Essex county, Virginia, in 1758. He came West in 1800, and settled here before Ohio had become a State. During the latter years of his life he was both blind and deaf.

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

"Well William, what has become of Robert?" "What, 'ain't you 'eard, sir?" "No! Not defunct, I hope!" "That's just exactly what he 'as done, sir, and walked off with every thing he could lay his 'ands on!"

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

Statement.

FINANCIAL EXHIBIT OF TAYLOR TOWNSHIP.

BENJAMIN V. FINK IN ACCOUNT WITH TAYLOR TOWNSHIP, as Overseer for 1881.

March 13.		Cr.	
	By one order W.		
	By order for J. Weaver for Richey,	$58,41	
	Orders to J. T. Fowler for J. Richey,	12.48	
	" to W. Fink,	1.25	
	" given to John McMonegal for fixing house	3.00	
	" given to Aaron Orwick for fixing house for Brickey	1.12	
	" given to Wm. Ewing for hauling wood	1.90	
	" given to Jno McMonegal for cutting wood	4.45	
	" in favor of Wm. Fink	2.88	
	" to Mary Walk for keeping Polly and Susan Vaughn	52.66	
	" to W. Woodel for Wm. Laird	25.99	
	" to J. T. Fowler "	5.63	
	" to Blowers for auditing acc't,	1.00	
	" to Anderson Johnson	84.63	
	" lifted, given by H. Blowers	31.17	
Mar 12, 1883.			
	Order to Scott Miles (V. B.)	6.00	
	" to Anderson Johnson	23.04	
		$827.67	
	Orders of L. Merryman	$ 7.23	
	" Jno. Shively	5.00	
	" B. F. Walks, tax 1.39		$13.62
	" " " 10.56		
	" for service 16.69		27.25
	" to J. T. Fowler for A. J.		3.00
	Exoneration, Straw's tax		10.00
	Cash paid Esq. Weston		3.91
	12 mos. attention to Richey		12.00
	5 per cent. col. fee on $417.23		20.85
	One day settling		1.00
	Pd. bills of supplies to Miles & Co.		41.54
	Interest on orders to Levi Reese		62
	Check, S. S. Miles		50.00
	Cash in full of this account		40.69
		$552.15	
March 22, 1882.		Dr.	
	To one order on Wm. Newman	$ 21.18	
March 13.—	To amt of duplicate	427.23	
	To am't lifted out tressury, unseated land	50.57	
	Received of H. Blowers	36.17	
March 12, 1883.			
	To order (Frank Beckwith)	17.00	
		$552.15	

We, the undersigned, auditors of Taylor township, do hereby certify this account to be correct, to the best of our knowledge, and that the same is now paid in full.

JNO. T. FOWLER,
HIRAM BLOWERS,
Mar. 31, 1881. G. W. MERRYMAN.

EDWARD BECKWITH IN ACCOUNT WITH TAYLOR TOWNSHIP, as Poor Overseer for 1882.

March 12, 1883.	Cr.	
By order to Mary Walk	$	2.13
" Levi Reese		14.00
" B. F. Walk		9.25
" services, A. R. Rice		1.00
" John Richey—Rook		20.00
Auditor's order, Thos. Merryman		5.00
Order to Wm. Jacobs		2.39
" B. F. Walk		65
" O. C. Galbraith (Wm. Jacobs)		1.50
John Richey (doctor bill)		3.75
Order to Levi Reese		2.50
" " Johnson		24.00
" Jesse Sharer (Richey)		4.00
" Geo Beckwith		1.00
" Henry Sharar (washing Richey)		2.50
" B. F. Walk (Vaughn)		20.00
" L. A. Smith		3.00
" S. S. Miles		3.00
" John McMonigal		3.55
" B. F. Walk		2.75
" A. J. Smith		3.00
" S. S. Miles		13.24
" Jno. T. Fowler		2.00
" John T. Merryman		8 40
" Levi Reese		6.00
" Dr. Harshbarger		3 75
" Levi Reese		2.00
" Dr. Dinwiddie		82.20
" Mary A. Walk		14.00
" John McMonigal		3.55
" John T. Fowler		5.41
" John Richey		2.00
" Dr. Dinwiddie		30.45
" Auditors		8.00
" Wm. Jacobs		37.25
" Wm. Jacobs		20.00
" Dress for Polly Vaugh		2.98
" John Richey keeping (S. S. Miles)		51.11
" Sworn in Poor Overseers		1.00
" Sundry service (see his book)		31.25
" Hiram Blowers		2.70
" One day settling		1.00
" Duplicate and making one		1.50
" 3-17 '83, A. Johnson, pauper		2.00
" 3-27 '83, P Vaughn, pauper		4.08
" 12-30 '82, A. Johnson, pauper		5.00
" 3-23 '83, John Richey, pauper		7.56
" 10-7 '82, A. Johnson, pauper		2.93
" 9- '82, John Weaver, merchant		8.00
" Costs in Wm. Newman's case Esq Osman		2.03
" Bill of hunting Wm. Jacob's residence and pauper hauled back, Beckwith to use in suit		10.80
" John T. Fowler		51.38
" Exoneration Dan Moore		40
" Cash to A. Johnson, pauper, to get medicine		1.50
" Expense and time going to Bellefonte on Jacob's case		3.00
" Day and dinner at Port on Newman's suit		1.70
" One day and court attending		1.70
" One day contracting for Polly Vaugh		1.00
" One day settling March 31		1.00
" One day and mileage to Bellefonte sometime ago on Dr. Meyers suit		2.94
March 31. 5 per cent. col. fee on dupl'e		22 28
		$537.56
April 29, 1882.	DR.	
To money paid over by H. Blowers	$	25,13
May 12, 1883, unseated land money		200,00
May 12, '83, amount duplicate (1882)		446,14
May 31, '83, unseated land money, see published statement		29,08
May 31, '83, cash col. off B. V. Fink today turned over to Ed Beckwith		90,69
		$791,04

We, the undersigned Auditors of Taylor township, certify that we have examined this account of Ed Beckwith's and find the balance to be at this date $253,48 in favor of Taylor township.

JOHN T. FOWLER,
H. BLOWERS,
G. W. MERRYMAN.

CHRIST SHARRER in account with Taylor township as Supervisor for the year 1881.

1881.	CR.	
Work done as follows	$	298,88
Exonerations—Theodore Womer, 72cts David Yingling 10cts; Ann Vaughn 12cts		1,04

Statement.

1882. Work done on road and material furnished		337,82
		687,74
1882. Duplicate		344,13
		$343,61
1882. By work done by Wm. Miller		9,36
1881. DR.		
To amount duplicate	$	344,13
1882 To due bill to pay Wm. Miller		9,36

HIRAM BLOWERS, } Auditors.
G. W. MERRYMAN. }

WM. EWING in account with Taylor township, as Supervisor.

March 12, 1883.	CR.	
By order of George Merryman	$	2.50
" " Henry Sharrer		3.50
" " Auditors (Geo Merryman)		9.00
" " Wm. Miller		50.67
" " Elisha Merryman		16.40
" " Wm. Miller		7.25
" " C. Sharrer		1.00
" " Harry Love		5.60
" " 62 days work (cash)		62.00
" " One day settling		1.00
" " One day sworn in		1.00
" " To D. G. Ganoe		25
" " Duplicate and making out		1.50
		$161,67
March 12, 1881.	DR.	
To amount of duplicate, 1882		324.91
To amount of duplicate, 1882		49.02
To unseated land money		219.00
To unseated land money		40.00
		$632.93

March 31, 1883, notice served upon Wm. Ewing and John Shiveley, his bondsmen to come forward and settle balance of account within 30 days.

JOHN BECKWITH in account with Taylor township as Supervisor for 1882.

March 31, 1883.	CR.	
By amount brought forward	$	1675,68
By amount col. fee on special road duplicate (C. Sharar)		21,80
Interest, see order of Auditors for C. Sharar, Oct. 18, 1882, $4.41, amount allowed to balance Sharar's duplicate 251		$6,92
		1704,40
1883.	DR.	
To amount brought forward		1815,08
Error in amount of land money entered March 12, 1883		71
		$1815,79

John Beckwith says there is on his duplicate yet to the credited of Taylor township about $155, March 31, 1883. 28 18

Guggenheimer's New Store.

GRAND OPENING!

GUGGENHEIMER AHEAD

I take great pleasure in announcing to my ol Customers and Friends and to the public in general that I will

OPEN OUT ON APRIL 1, 1883,

In my New Room in

Bush Arcade,

An entire new stock of the finest makes of

Rochester AND Philadelphia

CLOTHING

Also a nice line of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots Shoes,

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

All my goods will be marked in plain figures, and at those figures only will they be sold, thus enabling a child to purchase with as much discretion and to the same advantage as grown people.

My Leather Department

Will be carried on stronger than ever, and nothing but the very best stock will be kept, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible figures.

Hides of all kinds bought and the Cash paid for them.

Hoping to be favored with an early call by all in need of anything in my line, and with thanks for past favors, I remain
Yours truly,

15 12 ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order from the Orphans' Court, will be sold at public auction on the premises, about 1 mile west of Howard Borough, the farm known as the Frederick Pletcher farm, on

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1883,

commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., a valuable, rich bottom-land Farm, bounded and described as follows, viz.:

On the north by Bald Eagle creek, on the east by lands of Rudolph Pletcher, on the south by lands of H. Hinton's estate and others, on the west by lands of Samuel Pletcher, containing about 82 acres, 72 of which are in a good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered. Having erected thereon a good two-story Frame House, 28 x 32 feet, also a good Barn. Two good springs of never-failing water are on the place also a good orchard. For further information apply to D. B. Pletcher, Howard, Centre Co., Pa.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. on day of sale, and one-third of balance on confirmation of sale, and balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

DAVID B PLETCHER, } Administrators.
RUDOLPH PLETCHER, }
Howard, May 3, 1883. m5-3w

Miscellaneous.

With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of

TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Hradware and Stoves,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

Vital Questions!!

Ask the most eminent physician Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike, refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly

"Some form of hops!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to women"—

And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu."

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malarial fever, ague, &c." and they will tell you:

"Mandrake! or Dandelion!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is.

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients
"Almost dead or nearly dying"

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of Rheumatism,

Inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula!

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Washington Johnston, late of the Borough of Bellefonte, deceased, having been granted to to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them, duly authenticated by law, for settlement to the undersigned or E. & E. M. Blanchard, his attorneys.

JEFFERSON HAYDEN,
Bellefonte, April 7, 1883. Administrator.
15-14-6t

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk; Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6m&w1

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—A large strawberry crop is indicated.

—Walter Bayard was 23 years of age on Sunday, the 6th.

—Four dwelling houses are in process of erection on Curtin street.

—A letter in the post office is addressed "Miss Cemelia Frain, Centre Co., Pa."

—Huge hail, the size of hickory nuts, fell at 2:30 p. m. on Tuesday, the 8th.

—Buds are like some pretentious merchants. They swell at first, only to burst and leave soon after.

—The State Constitutional Temperance Amendment Association will meet in this place on Wednesday, May 23.

—Mr. George Weaver, of Rebersburg, sold a match team of five-year-old black horses to Mr. W. A. Mosher, of Lock Haven.

—The moon was new on Sunday evening, May 6, but Tuesday evening, the 8th, was the first it was observed with the naked eye.

—Mr. Jonas Stetler, proprietor of the Arlington House at Port Matilda, is largely increasing the patronage of that hotel by his pleasant and agreeable manner.

—Tyrone people are still eating away at stewed oysters and such things. Evidently the Tyroners are not acquainted with the summer habits of the bivalve.

—The circus people have given Bellefonte the go by thus far; but the hand-organ man and the monkey have been with us and Young America is satisfied for the present.

—Bellefonte parties are investing quite extensively in specimens of the floral kingdom and very fine collections of plants and flowers are brought thither on almost every train.

—The wealth of blossoms that look forth from one of the windows of Mrs. Petriken's residence on High street elicit admiration from all who admire fair Flora in her most captivating aspects.

—Ladies, children and all who are interested in the work of collecting flowers for the decoration of soldiers graves on Memorial day, May 30, should do what they can to ensure a sufficient quantity of those beautiful and appropriate tributes of affection

—Aaron Williams and ex-District Attorney Potter took in the circus at Lock Haven on Monday, the 7th. They pronounce the show a good one, but the latter is still in doubt as regards the genuineness of the double headed lady—thinks there's a pair of 'em.

—The local page of last week's *Centre Democrat* looks as though the editorial force had all gone fishing and left matters in charge of the devil. The local may be cut of town, however—prospecting for "pups," perhaps, under the impression that he is still in the sewing machine business.

—Girls who are empoyed to do house work at Fargo, Dakota Territory, receive from $3 to $5 per week and are in great demand. We don't want the girls who do such work to leave the East, as they are scarce enough now; but we state the fact for the benefit of those who may be interested in it.

—Mrs. Julia Hess, mother of Mrs. H. Y. Stitzer attained her 87th birthday on the 16th of last April, celebrating the occasion with a reunion of her relatives. She is one of the oldest if not the oldest person in this borough and is still exceedingly active and sprightly, giving promise of many more years of life.

—Mr. A. C. Moore, manager of the Howe Sewing Machine Co., this county, states that his business is booming. On Wednesday, the 2d instant, he drove his team of Texas ponies fifty-one miles, from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m., on a collection trip, and they were just as bright and lively when the trip was ended as when they first started out in the morning.

—Revs. John Hewitt of the Episcopal church and William Laurie, of the Presbyterian church, officiated at the funeral services over the body of Hon. James Macmanus on Tuesday, the 8th. The body reposed in an elegant casket. All the members of the Bellefonte Bar were present, each wearing a badge of deep mourning attached to the left sleeve of his coat.

—The Spring house-cleaning season seems to have arrived in earnest. Many of our citizens are taking advantage of the opportunity afforded by the removal of carpets and furniture to make extensive improvements in the way of interior decorations. Thus the paper hangers and painters and others skilled in modern decorative art are kept busy and are gathering in the shekels in a way that would soon render them rich if the demand for their skill would continue through the whole year.

Meeting of the Borough Council on Monday Evening, May 7.

The gentlemen who compose the Borough Council met in the Logan Hose House on Monday evening, May 7.

Mr. L. L. Brown, the recently-elected member from the West ward, was sworn in, his colleague from that ward, Mr. William Shortlidge, introducing him in brief and very felicitous remarks.

A change was made in the composition of committees.

An application was received for a boardwalk on the east and west sides of Penn street, the citizens owning property on that thoroughfare to erect said walks. The petition was referred to the Street committee.

The Chief Burgess made a statement that an additional policeman is needed in the North ward and requested that one be appointed. The request was referred to the Fire and Police committee.

The Street committee reported many streets in very bad condition.

It was also stated that a quantity of filth is thrown in the streets on the out-lying portions of the town, thus inviting disease. As it has become a nuisance, the proper measures will be taken to abate it.

The attention of all parties interested in the matter is called to the fact that the *bond of the High Constable was approved.* The bond of Overseer of Poor J. M. Keichline was also approved.

The Street committee reported that due notice had been given of the letting for the bridge abutments, and also presented additional specifications for such abutments.

Mr. D. B. Butts was elected borough engineer.

The Water committee presented a report which contained a statement that the cost of laying water pipes from Linn to Curtin streets averaged 25½ cents per foot. Also that the Ludlow valve in the branch pipe leading from the main pipe to the small reservoir is repaired, which opens the full capacity of both pipes to supply the main and keeps a full head in the main pipe from the reservoir. In connection with the statement that the Telephone Company had made an application for water to run a motor of ¾-inch stream, 12 hours per day, discharging 7200 gallons per day, at a cost of about $56 per year, for which they would only pay about $20 per annum, the Water committee stated that an investigation of the mode and rate of assessing water tax had been instituted and disclosed many discrepancies. A printing office was instanced that pays only $25 for water that costs $37.44 to pump into the reservoir. The Glass Works are taxed about $75 per annum, which is about the proper amount; but many private parties that turn the water into spring houses and keep it constantly running pay only $30 per year—an inadequate sum. The system should be revised.

The report stated that the water wheel at the spring is not pumping the maximum quantity of water per day and gave four reasons, all of which show that the fault is susceptible of remedy.

An Interesting Event.

The celebration of the 58th anniversary of the marriage of Daniel Bible and Harriet Passmore, his wife, both formerly of Centre county, took place at the residence of their daughter, Mrs. E. A. Hutton, North Broad street, Philadelphia, on Tuesday, May 1st, and was the occasion of the reunion of quite a large family group.

The respective ages of Mr. and Mrs. Bible are 80 and 77 years—and both are seemingly hale and hearty and bid fair to celebrate a number of like anniversaries in the future. They were married May 1st, 1825 in the town of Milesburg, and until the outbreak of the late war were residents of Centre county—since which time they have made their home in New York, and latterly in Philadelphia.

Among the members of the family present on the occasion were their two sons, Daniel P., of Colorado, and Geo. W. Bible, editor of New York *Economist*; their daughters Mrs. E. A. Hutton and Miss Hattie P. Bible; four grand-daughters and two grand sons, and one nephew, William Homan, merchant of Bedford county, Pa.

It is to be regretted that the only direct members of the family who were unavoidably absent were their daughter, Mrs. M. E. Edmeston, her husband and son, of North Carolina; grandson Frank P. Bible and his family, of Bellefonte, and Messrs. William and John Bible and their families, of Penns Valley.

The presents received on this occasion by the most worthy and respected old couple were many and valuable. A very elegant collation was served by Mrs. E. A. Hutton, with covers for fourteen people, after which some very delightful music, both vocal and instrumental, was rendered by Messrs. Annie and Lizzie Bible. Altogether the affair was a most happy and enjoyable one.

It is rarely the good fortune of two to live so long together in wedded life. As before remarked, they are both in good health, and will spend a portion of the coming summer in Centre county, in revisiting the scenes of their early life, in the midst of which so many of their years were passed. We tender them our best congratulations.

"Memorial" Day.

General Order, No. 10, has been received by Gregg Post, G. A. R., of Bellefonte. One of the important items which it contains is that "The National Encampment adopted a resolution at its session at Baltimore declaring that this holy day should be called Memorial and not Decoration Day."

A special service for the Post is enjoined to be held on the Sunday before Memorial Day, and—adopting the words of the order—"I hereby command Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic to attend said services in uniform."

Again the order says: "I recommend that the Grand Army take especial steps to secure the presence and aid of the children and youth of the country in the ceremony of strewing flowers and otherwise honoring the dead, and to that end I hope that all public and private schools, colleges and academies will be closed. Let the hand of Fraternity and Charity be extended to the widows and orphans of our dead heroes. Seek them out; distinguish them from all others, and teach them that on this day the Grand Army mourns with them the loss of the precious ones whom they gave to save the nation. I recommend that the loyal women of the nation be invited to aid in this work. They will toil with willing hands and grateful hearts. Though others may have forgotten the dead, the women have never ceased to remember them and treasure in their hearts their heroic services."

—Mr. John Pease, who lives near the entrance of Weaver's Gap, expired quite suddenly on Saturday, May 5, about noon. He had been at work as usual at the ore bank in that vicinity and when starting home he suddenly fell to the ground, dying almost instantly. On Friday he complained of not feeling well, but did not complain any on Saturday and his sudden death was a great shock to his family and friends. Dr. H. K. Hoy, the coroner, held an inquest but did not consider a *post mortem* examination necessary. From the testimony of his family it was learned that he had frequently experienced symptoms of heart disease and a verdict was rendered in accordance with the testimony taken. Mr. Pease was about 66 years of age. He leaves a wife and six children, four sons and two daughters. The shock to his family was sudden and severe and they have our sympathy in their bereavement.

—John Orner, a member of the Pennsylvania Colony, writing from Montana to the L. H. *Daily Journal*, says that the persons who went to that Territory are greatly dissatisfied with the country. It is totally unfit for agriculture though stock raising may be pursued profitably. The 30th of April was as warm as July and the next day, May 1, a heavy snow storm fell all day and buffalo-robe overcoats were in demand. The thermometer frequently changes 50 degrees in four hours and snow six inches in depth is no uncommon occurrence in July. He thinks the entire colony will go to Dakota, which is much superior.

—The second annual June festival of the Y. M. C. A. will be held in their rooms Thursday and Friday evenings, June 14th and 15th. It will be a very elaborate and elegant affair and many new features will be introduced never before known in the annals of Bellefonte festivals. Those having an interest in Y. M. C. A. affairs and all who desire to enjoy themselves thoroughly should prepare to attend this festival. The proceeds will be devoted to a fund which, when it shall have attained sufficient proportions, will be used in erecting a home for the young men of Bellefonte.

—The lightning on Tuesday afternoon produced terror in at least one heart and illuminated at least one room with a flash of brightness. The room was the Exchange headquarters of the Telephone Company in Bellefonte and the "terrified"—well, before the reverberating report produced by the lightning electricity coming over the wires had fairly died away she sprang a distance of ten feet and shut off all communication with telephone subscribers until the storm had subsided.

—A Lewistown working girl just fell heir to $5,000.

Mr. McMillen in Lock Haven.

We didn't suppose the proprietor of the Brockerhoff House looked beyond the boundaries of Bellefonte in establishing his reputation as a first-class hotelist, but if the following from Wednesday's Lock Haven *Express* be based on fact he is evidently contemplating a similar enterprise in that lumber city. It says:

Negotiations are pending to convert all of the second and third floors of Kreamer's new building into a hotel. Mr. C. G. McMillen, proprietor of the Brockerhoff House at Bellefonte, was in the city on Monday examining the premises and was very much pleased with the location. If satisfactory arrangements can be made he will occupy the middle store room on the first floor for an office, reading room, etc., and all the second and third floors. There is no better location in Lock Haven for a hotel and Mr. McMillen's well known reputation as a landlord would insure the success of the enterprise should he take hold of it. He has made the Brockerhoff one of the most popular hotels in this section of the State and we have no doubt he would succeed as well as the manager of the new "Kreamer House."

In Memoriam.

WHEREAS, In the wisdom and goodness of an all-wise Providence He has seen fit to take from our midst our well beloved sister, Mrs. Kate Dale, who has been a faithful, earnest and efficient worker in the E. L. S. School.

Resolved, That, while we deeply lament her loss, we bow in humble submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well.

Resolved, That the sympathy of the members of the Boalsburg E. L. S. School be extended to the bereaved husband and children, and that the school be draped in mourning for 30 days.

Resolved, That these resolutions be sent to two of the county papers for publication and a copy of same be forwarded to the family of the deceased.

MRS. I. J. CONDO,
MRS. E. SWEENEY, } Com.
MRS. A. HESS.

Down at the Level of the Sea.

Bellefonters always go to the sea shore when they desire rest and recreation. Ocean Grove, Asbury Park, Cape May and Atlantic City are their favorite resorts and the attractions of any one of these places seem to be sufficient to allure them thither again.

The number who thus visits the sea will doubtless be as numerous this summer as ever before. The former visitors will repeat their rambles by the sea and new ones will be induced to try it. The only limit to this outward flow of Bellefonters will be the scarcity of money in individual instances and that commodity is generally supposed to be as plentiful in this A. D. 1883 as it ever was before. Well, go on, tourists; and if you want to keep informed about what is going on at home during your absence order the REPUBLICAN sent to your address.

Jumping off the Trains.

Boys of all sizes and ages and a few men who should know better are in the habit of jumping on the platforms of the passenger cars at the depot, riding a short distance and then leaping off when the train is in rapid motion. We don't believe they have any right to do so as they are in the way of the employes and others who want to jump off or on hastily. They are also endangering their own lives, and if one of these individuals should fall under the wheels of the cars some day it might delay the train, which would be the worst consequence that can occur, as the mere loss of life of an individual who will risk his life in this foolish manner cannot be of much importance.

—Simon Brandies, a prominent merchant of Philadelphia and a brother-in-law of ex-Burgess A. Sternberg of this place, was drowned in the Delaware River near the Market street wharf, Philadelphia, on Friday morning last about 10.30 o'clock. He was the husband of Mrs. Sternberg's sister and favorably known in business circles in both Philadelphia and Chester. He was subject to attacks of dizziness and it was probably during one of these that he fell into the water and met his untimely death. He leaves a wife and several small children.

—Kinsloe, editor of the Lock Haven *Express*, went to see his girl the other night and gave her such a large quantity of taffy that when they engaged in a farewell kiss her rosy, red lips adhered persistently to his mustache. This angered him and he retired to his *sanctum sanctorium* to meditate upon the exceeding mutability of human affairs and to write a local about "Gushing Girls," in which he alludes in very uncomplimentary terms to that class of female creation. Shame, sir

—It seems to be quiet along the lines of the new railroads.

Don't Give Up.

The chances are all in your favor. Thousands of cases of Consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, and other chronic diseases—some of the most painful and desparate character—have been cured in the last thirteen years by Compound Oxygen. If you are a sufferer from any disease which your physician has failed to relieve, don't despair. Write to Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard Street, Philadelphia, giving them a clear statement of your case, and ask an opinion as to your chances of recovery under their new Vitalizing Treatment. *It will cost you nothing, as they make no charge for consultation.* Accompanying their reply you will receive such documentary evidence of their honorable character as physicians, and such direct and emphatic testimony in regard to what Compound Oxygen has done and is doing for suffering humanity, that you will be able to decide for yourself the question whether or not to put faith in them and the new remedy which they are so widely dispensing. If, however, you do not wish to consult them at present, drop a postal-card and ask them to send you their Treatise on Compound Oxygen. From this you will gain all the information required to get an intelligent idea of the nature and action of this new remedy for chronic diseases, and so be able to judge for yourself whether or not it will be beneficial in your own case as it has been in thousands of others.

—Among the distinguished gentlemen whose names adorned the Bush House register Saturday, May 5, were the following, all from Harrisburg: Messrs. George Pancake, J. W. Jones, L. W. Gorgas, D. S. Jones, Col. W. W. Jennings and A. J. Kerlin. The object of their visit was not made public. "*Mum*!" seemed to be the word and they adhered to it faithfully. Their presence, however, was decidedly enjoyable as a more pleasant assemblage of gentlemen seldom invade a hotel simultaneously.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, whether sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckel, New York. 14 24 1y

—During the absence of Mr. J. W. Miller, General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., the rooms will be open in the evening only. Persons have been engaged to be present and take charge each evening and those who desire to take advantage of the privileges the rooms afford are invited to call as usual.

—Isn't it about time for the summer delegation of pretty girls to visit Bellefonte?

Miscellaneous.

PE-RU-NA

$1,000

will be paid if any impurities or mineral substances are found in PERUNA, or for any case it will not cure or help.

PERUNA is purely a vegetable compound. It is not equalled by all other medicines combined. Strong language, but it is true.

PERUNA is more extensively prescribed by honest physicians than any other half-dozen remedies known to the profession.

PERUNA positively cures Consumption, Chronic Catarrh, and all Lung and Heart diseases.

As a Cough remedy, it has no equal; it positively cures all Coughs. You cannot take an overdose, as it contains no morphine.

For Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, the infallible remedy is PERUNA.

No matter what your disease is, where located, be you young or old, male or female, go at once for PERUNA.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on "The Ills of Life," gratis.

For Piles and Pelvic Diseases, take

MAN-A-LIN

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles, $5.00.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Susan Shaw, late of Liberty township, deceased, having been granted, by the Register of Centre county to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against her to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

15 18 6t SAMUEL GLOSSNER.
P. O. address, Blanchard, Pa. Administrator.

Valuable Farm for Sale!

Will be sold at public outcry on the premises, on

THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1883,

the farm known as the Zachariah McNaul Farm, in Lamar township, Clinton county, about 2½ miles east of Salona, and 6 miles from Lock Haven, containing 140 acres, more or less, 80 acres in a good state of cultivation, the balance is well timbered. A running stream near the buildings. A good orchard &c. Also, 50 acres of timber land adjoining the farm.

For further information apply to John McNaul on the adjoining farm or to W. S. Beck in Mill Hall, Clinton County. Terms made known on day of sale. 15 15 ts

HIS OPINION.

In Clear Sentences an Authority adds his own to the Popular Judgment.

191 West Tenth Street,
NEW YORK, August 11, 1880.

MESSRS. SEABURY & JOHNSON:

I am slow to pin my faith to any new curative agent. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER has won my good opinion. I find it an exceptionally cleanly plaster to use and rapid in its action. Many tests of its qualities in my own family, and among my patients, have convinced me that there is no other single article so valuable for popular use, none so helpful in cases of Lame Back, Local Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Congestion of the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs and Lumbago.

You may feel free to use my name.

Very truly yours,
H. H. KANE, M. D.,
Physician in chief of the De Quincy Home.

Price of CAPCINE, 25 cents.

Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-19-4t

Frank P. Blair.

OFFICE OF THE

ROCKFORD WATCH CO.

Rockford, Ill., Jan., 1880,

This is to certify that we have appointed Frank P. Blair sole agent for the sale of our Quick Train Railroad Watches in the town of Bellefonte, Pa.

ROCKFORD WATCH CO.
By HOSMER P. HOLLAND,
Secretary.

Having thoroughly tested the Rockford Quick Train Watches, I offer them with the fullest confidence to the public, as being the best made and most reliable Watch for the money in the market.

I fully guarantee every Watch for two years.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

2, Brockerhoff Row.

BELLEFONTE.

TAUNTON, June 18, 1881.

I bought a silver cased Rockford Watch, unadjusted, April 12, 1880, for $20.00. Until June 9th, it run within sixty seconds, at a regular rate of about two seconds slow a day. It was regulated and set June 9, 1880, and until Dec. 8, 1880 (nearly six months), without any attention to regulation was only seventeen seconds slow.

JOEL BEAN,
Overseer Carding Room Whittenton Mills.

I have carried my Rockford Watch about eight months, and it has performed to my satisfaction all the time; the last two months running at a rate of two seconds a day. Am perfectly satisfied, and recommend the Rockford Watch to all railroad men.

CHAS. S. LADD,
Old Colony R. R.

The Rockford Watch bought a year ago last October, I have carried every day on an express wagon, loading and delivering freight. It has run very well under all circumstances. It has not been altered for months and now is only thirty seconds fast; has given me perfect satisfaction. I. W. LEACH,
With Davenport & Mason's Express.

All other American Watches at Reduced Prices.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

Notice.

Our solicitor and collector, Mr. A. B. Steele, will visit Zion, Hublersburg, Nittany and Lamar on a business trip next week. We hope our friends will be prepared to receive him.

—The lawn-mower is utilized again.

—Who will be Memorial day orator?

—There are twenty-two brass bands in Centre county.

—The summer time table went into effect on Monday.

—Mr. Jerome Spigelmyer has brokground for a new house in Millheim.

—Walter Bayard conducted the Y. M. C. A. services on Sunday afternoon.

—Thursday was pay day among the railroad employes in Altoona, their income from that source exceeding a quarter of a million dollars.

—Vincent Holt, who died at Philipsburg a few days ago, was 73 years old and was lately one of the Associate Judges of Clearfield county.

—Lock Haven's proposed Fourth of July celebration will probably be given up, as it receives no encouragement and former celebrations were failures.

—The Lutherans of Aaronsburg have decided to enclose their church and cemetery with a substantial fence and have planted shade trees in front and at the sides.

—That enterprising business man Mr. L. L. Brown, is always making improvements. Important repairs to the roof of his extensive coal sheds are now in progress.

—Mrs. Thompson Snyder, wife of Engineer Snyder, of Blanchard, died on Thursday of brain fever. Deceased was the sister of Freeman and Wesley Brady, of Mill Hall.

—We are informed by James A. Keller, secretary of the Centre County Pomona Grange, that a meeting of that organization will be held at Centre Hall on Tuesday, May 29.

—Mr. William Reifsnyder, one of Millheim's aged and prominent citizens, died on Sunday, the 6th. He was buried on Tuesday, his mortal remains being intered in Millheim cemetery.

—It is to be hoped that the prevailing weather will be warmer and more pleasant when "Muldoon's Picnic" puts in appearance than it is at present, as a picnic would not be very agreeable on a day like this.

—John Weaver and George Ard will soon commence prospecting on their farms, near Pine Grove Mills, and, from present indications, will find plenty of ore. Others might profitably follow their example.

—Mrs. Lyon, wife of Mr. Lyon, the merchant, who resides on Linn street, has been dangerously ill for some time past. She is recovering, however, and we hope will be fully restored to health and strength.

—In consequence of the fact that extensive repairs are in progress in the interior of the Episcopal church, the services on Sunday were held in the lecture room. New carpet for the aisles will be among the improvements.

—Among the autographs placed on the Bush House register on Friday were O. Colton, who has temporarily taken the place of Chief Engineer Bell on the Bellefonte and Buffalo Run R. R., and Messrs. C. P. Dull and D. M. Dull, the latter of Lewistown and the former of McVeytown, Pa.

—Rev. J. W. Young, pastor of the African M. E. church, at Altoona was violently assaulted and ordered away from a table at the Draucher House in Curwensville, while staying for a short time at the latter place on Thursday. He was ready and willing to pay his bill.

—When the average resident of Millheim is seized with a desire to transport himself, in imagination, into the midst of the life and turmoil of a large city he proceeds to light the "street lamps" in front of the hotel in that village, and in the mild radiance which they emit he will sit and bask by the hour. Having done this his happiness is complete.

—The Lock Haven firemen should renounce their proposed celebration of the Fourth of July for the reason that arrangements in this place have progressed so much more rapidly than in Lock Haven. Committees have just been appointed in the latter place, while in this borough all such details have been attended to and the invitations sent out. It is inexpedient to have two great celebrations so near together.

HON. JAMES MACMANUS.

Bellefonte Attorneys Meet to Take Appropriate Action on the Death of a Deceased Member of the Bar.

On Monday afternoon the 7th of May at 2 o'clock, the Bellefonte attorneys assembled in the court house, a brilliant and representative gathering of gentlemen—each countenance expressing the grief truly felt at the death of Hon. James Macmanus, "the father of the Bellefonte Bar."

Additional-law-Judge John H. Orvis, was, on motion, chosen President of the meeting, and the prothonotary of the court was made Secretary, ex-Sheriff Woodring being present to represent and perform the duties devolving upon that gentleman.

Gen. James A. Beaver addressed the President, stating the object of the meeting and making a motion that a committee of five members of the Bar be appointed to prepare a minute of the life, character and career of Hon. James Macmanus. The motion was agreed to and the President named Gen. James A. Beaver, chairmain, ex-Gov. A. G. Curtin, James H. Rankin and A. O. Furst, Esqs. and Hon. John B. Linn. These gentlemen retired into the Grand Jury room and soon reappeared, Gen. Beaver reading in loud, clear, firm and expressive voice the following carefully prepared expression of condolence:

The undersigned, members of the Bar of Centre county, appointed at a public meeting of said bar to prepare a minute commemorative of the life, character and career of the Hon. James Macmanus, a member of said Bar, who departed this life at his residence in the Borough of Bellefonte on Saturday, the fifth day of May, A. D., 1883, in the seventy-ninth year of his age, beg leave respectfully to report the following minute for the consideration of the meeting.

James Macmanus, who for many years has been affectionately termed the "Father of our Bar," and who by reason of his age, his character, his legal acumen and his professional attainments well merited the place and the title, was born on the 17th day of May, A. D., 1804, at Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland, in this State, where he was reared and acquired his preliminary education. He was the son of Cormick Macmanus of that ancient borough.

He came to Bellefonte with a view to making it his home in the year 1822, and was entered as a student of law in the office of Hon. Thomas Burnside, then in the full practice of his profession, in the year 1824. He was married in the year 1824 to Jane Armor, the issue of the marriage being five children, three of whom survive him. His wife also died on November 1st, 1859, aged 59 years. He was admitted to the Bar in August, 1826, about the time at which his home preceptor was appointed President Judge of the Fourth Judicial district of which Centre county formed a part. He entered at once upon the active duties of his profession, his professional card being found in the newspapers of the year 1826, and the year following, viz., in 1827, was appointed Deputy Attorney General to prosecute the pleas of the Commonwealth in the county of Clearfield, by the Hon. Frederick Smith, then the Attorney General of the State under the administration of Governor Shultz.

He was appointed in 1831 by the Hon. Samuel Douglass, the Attorney General under the administration of Governor Wolf, Deputy Attorney General for the counties of Centre and Clearfield, and continued to discharge the duties of the place with signal ability and efficiency under the Hon. Ellis Lewis, afterwards the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania and the Hon. George M. Dallas, afterwards the Vice President of the United States.

In 1839 he was appointed to the same position by the Hon. Ovid F. Johnson, Attorney General, under the administration of Governor Porter and was in 1845, tendered the same place by the Hon. John K. Kane, attorney general for a short time under the administration of Governor Shunk, which he declined.

In 1841 he was elected to represent Centre county as a member of the House of Representatives in the State Legislature, which he did with great acceptance in the session of 1842, but declined a renomination for the same position the same year. In 1843, however, he was elected with L. W. Smith, of Clearfield county, to represent the counties of Clearfield and Centre in the lower chamber of the Legislature of the State, and served in that capacity during the session of 1844.

In 1839, when the Hon. W. W. Potter—who then represented the district of which Centre county formed a part in the Congress of the United States—died, Mr. Macmanus was the choice of his political party as the successor of Mr. Potter, but he declined the the nomination. He also declined to accept a place upon the Bench which was tendered him by Governor Shunk.

After serving his term in the legislature of 1844 Mr. Macmanus declined a renomination and retired finally from public life, which was never suited to his tastes or inclinations.

From the time of his retirement from public life until within a short time of his complete confinement to his room he was actively engaged in the practice of his profession and his record shows a continuous service at the Bar at which he commenced practice which has no parallel in the annals of our county. Recognizing this fact as well as to testify to him in his declining years their affection and esteem, the members of the Bar joined on the fifty-fifth anniversary of his coming to the bar in presenting to him a handsome gold-headed cane which he warmly appreciated and highly valued, and which became his companion in his sick chamber. Quiet and unobtrusive by nature, domestic and retiring in his habits, pure and Christian in character, kindly and courteous in manner, warm and constant in his friendships, singularly faithful and conscientious in the discharge of his professional duties, he came to the end of a long and useful life like a shock of corn fully ripe, honored by all who knew him and beloved by all who were favored by his intimacy and friendship.

We recommend that this minute be spread upon the records of the Court and published in the newspapers of this judiciary district, and that a copy, properly engrossed, be furnished to his family with the members of which we heartily sympathize in their affliction; and that the Bar attend the funeral to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon in a body and wear the usual badge of mourning. We also recommend that the President of this meeting be directed to extend an invitation to the members of the Bar of this Judicial district and of the counties of Huntingdon and Mifflin to attend the funeral.

JAMES A. BEAVER,
A. G. CURTIN,
JAMES H. RANKIN, } Com.
A. O. FURST,
JOHN B. LINN,

The minute was unanimously adopted and on motion of A. O. Furst, Esq., ex-Gov. A. G. Curtin was appointed to present the minute to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county at its next regular sitting.

At the request of James H. Rankin, Esq., and Hon. John B. Linn, in behalf of the family, six members of the Bar were appointed to officiate as pall-bearers, viz: A. O. Furst, Esq., Col. D. S. Keller, J. G. Love, E. M. Blanchard, J. L. Spangler and C. M. Bower, Esqs.

The members of the Bar were requested to meet at the Court House at 2:15 o'clock and thence proceed to the house of the deceased to be present at the funeral services.

The Rehearsal of "The Golden Ball."

On Friday evening Mr. J. W. Moore invited a few of his friends to witness a rehearsal of the violin music and the opera of the "Golden Ball" which he and his talented family have had in course of preparation for a year past and which they rendered before the Bellefonte public last evening.

On a former occasion we had the pleasure of seeing a portion of the scenery and the children's costumes and of hearing them render some of the music, but we then formed no adequate idea of its beauty. It brought forth exclamations of genuine surprise and admiration. Of the violin music we especially admired "The Echo" by Charley and Berenice and the "Wyoming Waltz" by the three children combined, Charley recited "Buck Bloodsoe, the Engineer," in a very natural and animated style.

The pleasing opera performance followed. The plot is simple: The King's daughter, Berenice, drops a golden ball, which was a gift from her father (Charley), into a deep spring. She laments it until a frog (Aurora) speaks to her, promising to return the ball if the king's daughter will be his constant companion. She promises, with the intention, however, of deceiving him. He restores the ball and claims the promise, following her into the presence of her father. She tells the King the novel occurrence and he compells his daughter to fulfill her part of the contract with the object of teaching her not to make false promises. She becomes exceedingly weary and disgusted in trying to fulfill her part of the contract and leads the frog to a trunk which she tells him is a bed and he must sleep in it. She then cruelly locks him in. The King arrives in time to discover the cruel act and to secure the frog's release, and he emerges from the trunk, not a disgusting frog but a handsome prince Then the Prince and the King's daughter were happy, and our readers can imagine the sequel. In the words of the fairy story, they are married and live happily together ever after.

The children are carefully, almost perfectly trained. They handle their violins with masterly skill; they sing and act with consummate grace and excellence. No handsomer costumes than those worn in the opera have ever been seen in Bellefonte. We have not the least doubt that wherever Mr. Moore shall give future entertainments he will score a decided success. The entertainment he and his family offer is unique, pure, elevating and interesting.

—Here's a recipe to make your own shoe polish: Put into a large basin one pound of ivory black, one pound of treacle and a quarter pound of sweet oil. Stir these ingredients up with a stick and let it stand for twenty-four hours. Then add a quarter pound of oil of vitrol, mix, with three times its weight in cold water. Pour it into a stone jar, which keep in a dry place. Before pouring some into the small bottles for daily use, thoroughly shake the contents of the jar for several minutes.

Personal and Particular Items from State College.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., May 12, 1883.

MR. EDITOR: Much as she has been abused by her enemies, State College still holds a warm place in the hearts of those to whom she has imparted instruction. The familiar form of Mr. J. C. McCreary, a member of the class of '82, now one of the engineers in the survey of the Susquehanna and Allegheny railroad through Sugar and Nittany valleys, has been seen here for a few days. "Mac" is a general favorite and the sight of the bright but now somewhat sun-browned countenance sends a thrill of pleasure through all alike. Rumor has it that it is a neighboring town that contains the attraction which draws "Mac" hither, but those who know him best need not be told that he seeks his *Alma Mater* because, be says, with her he is at home.

Dugald, the talented son of Prof. Jackson, is at home for a day or two. "Dug." is now with Engineer J. M. Bell engaged in or near Bellefonte.

State College has sent four of her boys into the field this Spring, each one of whom is a credit to her.

R. M. Foster, now of Philadelphia, is spending a few days here at his mother's. "Bob" is possessor of no inconsiderable business tact and is doing well. He is always sure of a hearty welcome when he comes among us.

Ira Laughman and George C. Butz are spending a few days at the former's home in Altoona. P.

Important to Building Associations.

The following bill has passed both branches of the legislature and is now in the hands of the governor:

WHEREAS, Mutual savings fund loan and building associations have been heretofore declared by law to be "meritorious and deserving the care of the State" because of the inducements they offer to the people to form habits of economy and to become real estate owners, "thereby enriching and strengthening the commonwealth,"

AND WHEREAS, Being copartnerships on the mutual beneficial plan their profits are made from amongst their own members and not from the outside public,

AND WHEREAS, Such associations are therefore not proper subjects for taxation, therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in general assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that mutual loan and building associations shall be exempt from the provisions of each and every law imposing taxes for State purposes, on their capital stock or mortgages, and other securities for moneys loaned to their own members, but the real estate owned by said association shall be subject to the same rate of taxation as the real estate of other corporations and persons; Provided, however, that the right of the commonwealth to collect taxes already accrued is hereby reserved.

A Visit from R. R. Officials.

On Thursday afternoon Bellefonte was honored with the presence of several distinguished gentlemen who came on business connected with the erection of a passenger depot for the Pennsylvania railroad in this place. They were S. S. Blair, General Superintendent of Bald Eagle Division; George M. Prevost, General Manager Middle Division; Mr. Reed, engineer of Tyrone Division; Mr. Witherow, engineer Southwestern division, and Mr. Robert Holliday, chief engineer. The car in in which they rode was luxuriously and handsomely fitted up.

That a building will be erected very soon is quite certain. The proposed plan is to remove the present station building further to the rear if it is found practicable to do so and change the location of the track further west. The depot building will then be erected over the creek.

We understand that the railroad company will be pleased to receive expressions of opinion from the citizens of the town in reference to the site, dimensions and plan of the structure, and the columns of the NEWS will be open to brief, pointed communications on the subject.

Lightning, Thunder and Arithmetic.

The season for thunder storms is here and they are of daily occurrence. It is seldom that a season passes without barns and houses being struck by lightning, and a carefully adjusted lightning rod seems to be the only means of prevention. As long as a storm remains at a distance we have nothing to fear, but when it approaches we should avoid placing ourselves in an exposed position. We can estimate the distance of a storm from the place we occupy on scientific principles. When we see the flash of the lightning the time that intervenes between that and the sound of the thunder is the guide by which we must be governed. Sound travels at the rate of 1142 feet a second, so we can estimate the distance by multiplying 1142 by the number of seconds between the flash and the thunder. It a simple and easy way of finding out the distance of the dangerous element from us.

Personal Pencilings.

Our esteemed friend, Mr. Alfred Nicholls, arrived in town on Friday morning.

Mr. J. R. Van Ormer returned on Saturday evening from a short trip through Brush Valley.

Misses Lillie Meek and Charlotte Markle, both of Pine Grove, are visiting friends in Tyrone.

Mr. John Walker and bride have returned from their wedding tour to take up their residence in Tyrone.

R. M. Magee, Esq., returned last Thursday from a business trip. On Thursday he registered at the City Hotel, Williamsport.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Larimer, of this place, are entertaining Miss Ida Gearhart, one of the pleasant young ladies of Clearfield.

Our handsome friend, Judge Gibson Larimer, of Pleasant Gap, is suffering the effects of a heavy cold. We hope soon to hear of his recovery.

Miss Bisel, of Williamsport, who has been spending a short time at the Bush House giving instructions in Art Embroidery, departed last week.

Dr. J. W. Rhone departed on Monday afternoon for Springfield, Ohio, to attend the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church in that city.

Mrs. Harry Hicks, of Linn street, departed for Chester county a few days ago, where she will spend a few delightful days in the society of her relatives in that vicinity.

Mrs. Penepacker, wife of Rev. George Penepacker, of this place, entertained Mrs. D. S. Black, of Huntingdon, and Mrs. John D. Reed, of Philipsburg, last week.

Dr. George Rishel has concluded not to locate in Bellefonte, but will go to some other town. Dr. Seibert, of Newport, Perry county, will probably become Dr. Hayes' partner.

Mr. C. Dale, Sr., remembers that in the year 1834, on the 19th of May, the ground was frozen and covered with snow. The cereal crops were fine that year, although there was little or no fruit, even the apples being frozen.

Gen. James A. Beaver, Adj't Gen D. S. Keller and Majors Hill, Hazard and Sayre went last week to Conneaut Lake, Crawford county, with a view of selecting a place for the encampment of the Second Brigade, N. G.

Mrs. J. G. Love is at present entertaining her mother, Mrs. Fisk, of Lock Haven, and her sister, Mrs. Dunn, of the same city. The latter lady is accompanied by her two children, who are very interesting and attractive.

Mrs. Lehman, of Philipsburg, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Hannah, has been spending a few days at the residence of our mercantile citizen, Mr. Lyon, of Linn street. Miss Hannah, we believe, will remain all summer.

Mr. C. R. Neff, son of Lafayette Neff, of near Centre Hall, was one of the orators on the occasion of the 48th anniversary of the Goethean Literary Society, of Franklin and Marshall College, which was announced to occur last Friday evening.

Mrs. A. G. Curtin, the elegant and accomplished wife of Ex. Governor Curtin arrived in Bellefonte on Tuesday, the 8th. Her many friends will give her a very ardent and enthusiastic welcome home as she has been a comparative stranger in Bellefonte of late.

Mrs. D. G. Bush arrived in town on Tuesday of last week after an absence extending through all the past winter. Mr. Bush's elegant residence had been opened and aired and the surrounding premises put in order for the reception of the mistress of the mansion.

The staid and sober residents of Altoona were surprised and delighted by the appearance of an unusually brilliant apparition in their midst on the 8th. It will go down to future ages and be written among the annals of the Railroad City's notable events as naught else than a visit from Mr. Joseph Furey, the celebrated scribe of the Bellefonte *Watchman*.

—From a circular just received, we learn that the officers of the late war who were mustered in *after* the 3d of March, 1865, are organizing for the purpose of securing the removal of the constitutional restriction which prevents them receiving the three months extra pay. All officers who join the organization are assessed one dollar. Steps will not be taken to carry out the object of the organization until a large membership of Pennsylvania officers is secured. Those officers who desire to unite with the organization are requested to send their names and assessments to Samuel A. Boyle, Secretary, attorney-at-law, 733 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

Judicial Districts.

The senate apportionment committee met on Friday night and discussed the senatorial, legislative and judicial apportionment bills. The judicial bill provides for eighty-two judges, two more than the present number and five more than the democratic house bill contemplates. It cuts off sixteen associate judges as against twelve dispensed with by the democratic bill. Cambria and Clearfield get the two additional judges and are made separate districts. Greene and Fayette go together; Forrest and Warren; Elk, Cameron and Clinton; Huntingdon and Centre; Union, Snyder and Mifflin; Perry, Juniata and Fulton; Wyoming and Sullivan; Wayne and Pike: Carbon and Monroe; Porter and M'Kean; Clarion and Jefferson; Dauphin and Lebanon; Beaver, Lawrence, Tioga, Clearfield, Cambria and Butler each constitute a separate district. The other separate districts remain unchanged from the existing arrangement.

A Challenge Accepted.

It will be remembered that some time ago the wing shots of Centre county received a challenge from Mr. S. E. Roach, of Morrisdale Mines, Clearfield county, to engage in a contest of marksmanship with the crack shots of the latter place.

After some correspondence with marksmen, Mr. Theodore Deschner, about ten days ago, accepted the challenge. The Bellefonte marksmen will not shoot for money, but will agree that the losers shall pay the car fare and the expense of one meal

Mr. Deschner also says he has found a Centre county Unknown who will shoot with any man in Clearfield county. He has not revealed the Unknown's name, but says he lives near Coburn station. Although about ten days have elapsed since the challenge was accepted no further communications have been received from Morrisdale Mines.

—On Thursday afternoon just as the 5:10 o'clock passenger train arrived a sudden, drenching rain storm prevailed, the wind blowing the great drops before it at furious speed, defying all the protection which frail umbrellas could furnish. The passengers were not prepared for anything of the kind, and in going from the depot to the cars their clothing was completely saturated. The benefit of a covered depot for the cars to enter was strongly exemplified and we hope the railroad company will provide for this when they erect their new structure.

—Altoona people have an elopement to think and talk about. Mrs. Samantha Templeton recently went to Pittsburg with three children, one only an infant. In a few days Mr. Templeton's son by a former wife, followed his stepmother. On Thursday the two older children returned, informing the elder Templeton that their mother, accompanied by Templeton, Jr., had gone further west. Perhaps the "gay Lothario" will be heard of some day as an "M. C." from one of the wild western Territories.

—A committee will call upon some of our citizens this week to secure entertainment for the delegates to the State Prohibition Convention.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 15, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 10
Wheat—No. 2,	1 00
Wheat—No. 3,	90
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	70
Corn	60
Corn (shelled)	65
Oats	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	9 00 to 9 50
do prime to extra prime	10 00 to 10 25
do choice	10 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 80
Flour, wholesale	5 80

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	13 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	9
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	25
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per piece	30
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	17
Country Bacon	13
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	18
Potatoes, per bushel	1 00
Turnips, " "	40
Onions, " "	50
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—15
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

MARRIED.

MITTERLING—BOTTORF.—On the 6th of May, by Rev. W. E. Fisher, Mr. William Mitterling and Miss Lizzie Bottorf, both of Patton township.

BOWEN—BAYARD.—At Beaver Falls, Pa., on Wednesday, April 25th, by Rev. Mr. Moorehead, Mr. George Bowen, of Canton, Ohio, and Miss Maggie Bayard, of Bellefonte, Pa.

DIED.

REIFSNYDER.—On the 6th instant, in Millheim, after a long illness, Mr. William Reifsnyder, aged 78 years, 3 months and 10 days.

LAMB.—In Lewisburg, Pa., relict of David Lamb, deceased, a former resident of Marion township, this county, in her 81st year.